

ANNUAL REPORT 2016-17



GIRI INSTITUTE OF DEVELOPMENT STUDIES

Sector O, Aliganj, Lucknow-226024

Phone : (0522) – 2321860, 2325021, 2334059; Telefax : 2332640

E-Mail : directorgids@gmail.com, gids@sancharnet.in

Website : <http://gids.org.in>



Dedicated to Achieve the Vision of
Late Shri V.V. Giri, former President of India & a Veteran Trade
Unionist

CONTENTS

The Director's Report	6
The Institute	8
Board of Governors	9
Faculty and Administrative Staff	11
Research	15
Seminars/Workshops/Training Programmes	30
Research Publications	37
Faculty Participation in Academic Events	41
Membership in Advisory, Consultative and Academic Bodies	50
Institutional Fellowships and Ph.D. Programme	55
Academic Activities of Doctoral and Post-Doctoral Fellows	58
Library and Knowledge Resource Centre	60
Finance and Accounts	61

ACTIVITIES AT A GLANCE 2016-17

Research Projects Completed	:	11
On-going Research Projects	:	14
Workshops, Lectures, Seminars & Training	:	09
Books Published	:	08
Research Papers + Book Chapters	:	26 + 5
Working Papers	:	03
News Paper & Magazine	:	16

FROM DIRECTOR'S DESK

The year 2016-17 has been the most glorious year in the last five year period. During this period, composition of the Faculty has been completely transformed. Out of 15 faculty 11 new members joined GIDS, achieving truly national and interdisciplinary character. In the last three decades, ICSSR review committees repeatedly observed that along with developmental projects and their evaluation work, emphasis should be increased on social science research. Now this gap has been bridged. In this year, the Institute completed 11 research projects out of which at least 5 projects may be considered to be contribution to the existing body of social science theory and research in India. Three research projects are: 'Social Science Output with Reference to Various Themes', 'Social and Educational Status of OBC/Dalit Muslims in Uttar Pradesh', and 'Muzaffarnagar Riots: Interrogating Political Dynamics of Religion and Caste Of Uttar Pradesh'. The reports have been widely acclaimed among the academic circles. All these projects were funded by the ICSSR. Most of the research work on two other major research projects namely 'Impact Assessment of Disaster and Trends in Sustaining Recovery in Uttarkhand' and 'Job Search and Hiring Practices in Urban Labour Markets in India' was also completed during this period, and reports have already been submitted to the ICSSR. Work on 14 research projects is in progress and will be completed during the next year.

During this period, the faculty members have published 9 books and 5 book chapters. The distinguishing feature of this year publications has been that these books were published by prominent national and international publishers like Oxford University Press, Academic Foundation, Rawat and Aakar etc. Faculty members have published 26 research papers in leading national and international journals like Economic and Politically Weekly, Journal of Rural Development, Productivity, Man and Development, and International Journal of Social Economics, Chinese Sociological Dialogue etc. Faculty was also encouraged to write popular articles in daily national news papers for active participation on public issues to raise social awareness in the society. During the year, faculty contributed 16 articles in leading new paper. Most of the Faculty members are members of a large number of international and national academic societies & organizations and they regularly participate and contribute research papers in national and international conferences, seminars and workshops.

Two Ph.D. scholars have completed their thesis work and have given their final pre-submission seminars and are awaiting submission to the Banaras Hindu University. Fifteen Ph.D. scholars are continuing with their thesis work. Three Post-Doctoral Fellows namely Dr Ruchi Tewari, Dr Achala Srivastava and Dr Neelam Aggarwal have submitted their project reports to ICSSR on completion of their fellowship. Three new Post-Doctoral Fellows, Dr Neetu Batra, Dr Barkha Srivastava and Dr Neelo Farooqui have joined the Institute. Three Senior Fellows of ICSSR, Prof. D.N. Kakkar, Prof. S.S.A. Jafri, Prof. Fahimmudin have also joined the Institute during this year. All these additions have made academic environment on the campus quite vibrant.

GIDS library is fully automated and works on LIBSYS system, and on line access is available to the faculty and students. The library has a rich data base including DELNET, EPW Research Foundation time series data etc. It has some CD-ROM Databases especially of World Bank and the Uttar Pradesh Government publications. Library provides current awareness service which includes article indexing and abstracting, book reviews, subject bibliographies and books on inter-library loan etc. The library has a collection of 45,300 books and it subscribes to

print copies of 90 Indian and 12 international journals, and a large number of journals are subscribed through JSTOR. The library has enriched itself by adding almost all the good social science books published in India and abroad in the last one decade. Library added 339 books to its collection during this year.

Hope we will keep up our forward march to excellence!

Surinder Kumar
Director

THE INSTITUTE

Giri Institute of Development Studies (GIDS), an autonomous research institute, was established in 1973 on the initiative of some eminent social scientists and public personalities. It was brought under the aegis of the Indian Council of Social Science Research (ICSSR) in 1977. Since then, it has been regularly receiving financial support from ICSSR and the Government of Uttar Pradesh (U.P.) as well. The management of the Institute is vested in a Board of Governors comprising eminent persons, distinguished scholars and nominees of ICSSR and the Government of U.P. The GIDS is registered under FCRA and is eligible to receive foreign grants for development research.

The Institute undertakes, aids, co-ordinates and promotes research on development issues with special emphasis on the problems of Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand. It provides academic and professional guidance, advice and consultancy to agencies, institutions and individuals in the field of research and action on development. It offers advanced training to researchers and practitioners in the field of development studies with a view to improve capacity and quality in research.

Over the years, the Institute has established itself as a centre of excellence for research on development issues in the country. The Institute has been conducting research studies on a wide variety of issues, problems and themes. It also provide evidenced based policy support to central and state governments, and other international organisations.

The research areas of GIDS may be broadly categorised into the following themes:

- Agricultural and Rural Development
- Labour, Employment, Livelihoods and Development
- Inter-regional and Inter-state Disparities
- Population, Public Health, Education, Basic Amenities and Human Development
- Poverty, Vulnerability and Social Security
- Social Infrastructure particularly Health, Education and Basic Amenities
- Rural Industries and Informal Sector
- Urbanisation and Migration
- Scheduled Castes, Minorities and Other Socially Excluded Groups
- Gender and Child Studies
- Evaluation of Government Schemes and Programmes

In addition to research studies, the Institute provides guidance and facilities to students for pursuing doctoral degree in Economics, Sociology and Political Science. BHU has approved GIDS as a Research Institute/Centre for its Ph.D. Programme. GIDS has MoU with BBAU and Lucknow University to collaborate for Research Studies/Workshops/Seminars/ conferences etc.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS AS ON 31 MARCH 2016

Professor S.R. Hashim Institute for Human Development IIPA Campus, I P Estate New Delhi -110 002	Chairman (19.03.2016 onwards)
Dr. Anis Ansari, IAS (Retd.) 3/68 Vishwas Khand Gomti Nagar Lucknow 226 010	Vice Chairman
Principal Secretary Planning Department Government of U.P Yojana Bhawan Lucknow - 226 001	U.P. Govt.
Principal Secretary Higher Education Government of U.P Secretariat Lucknow – 226 001	U.P. Govt.
Member Secretary Indian Council of Social Science Research Aruna Asaf Ali Marg New Delhi -110 067	ICSSR Representative
Professor K.S. Chalam Chairman Institute for Economic and Social Justice 4-53-1, L.B. Colony Visakhapatnam-530017	ICSSR Representative
Professor B.K. Joshi Director Doon Library & Research Centre 21 Parade Ground Rajpur Road Dehradun-248001	Member
Professor K.P. Kannan Former Director Centre for Development Studies Prasanta Nagar Road, Ulloor Trivandrum- 695 011	Member

<p>Professor Mahendra Dev Vice-Chancellor & Director Indira Gandhi Institute of Development Research Gen. A.K. Vaidya Marg Goregaon (East) Mumbai -400 065</p>	Member
<p>Professor Zoya Hasan National Fellow (ICSSR) Council for Social Development 53, Lodhi Estate New Delhi -110003</p>	Member
<p>Professor Padmini Swaminathan Professor Tata Institute of Social Sciences 2nd Floor, S.R. Sankaran Block, AMR-APARD Campus, Rajendra Nagar, Hyderabad -500 030</p>	Member
<p>Professor Sucha Singh Gill Director General Centre for Research in Rural and Industrial Development 2-A Sector 19-A, Madhya Marg Chandigarh -160 019</p>	Member
<p>Professor Rajiv Kumar C-215 Sarvodaya Enclave New Delhi-110 017</p>	Member
<p>Vice Chancellor Lucknow University Lucknow</p>	Member
<p>Dr. C.S. Verma Associate Professor Giri Institute of Development Studies, Lucknow</p>	Faculty Representative
<p>Dr. Shilp Shikha Singh Assistant Professor Giri Institute of Development Studies, Lucknow</p>	Faculty Representative
<p>Professor Surinder Kumar Director Giri Institute of Development Studies, Lucknow</p>	Member Secretary

FACULTY

SURINDER KUMAR M.A., Ph.D. (Eco.)	Director
G.S. MEHTA M.A., Ph.D. (Eco.)	Professor (Retd. on 31.12.2016)
B.K. BAJPAI M.A., M.B.A., Ph.D. (Eco.)	Professor
R.P. MAMGAIN M.A., Ph.D. (Eco.)	Professor
I.C. AWASTHI M.A., Ph.D. (Eco.)	Professor
CHITTARANJAN SENAPATI M.A., M.Phil., Ph.D. (International Studies)	Associate Professor
CHARAN SINGH VERMA M.A., M.Phil., Ph.D. (Eco.)	Associate Professor
P.K. TRIVEDI M.A., Ph.D. (Soc.)	Associate Professor
K.S. RAO M.A., PGDA, Ph.D. (Eco.)	Associate Professor
R.C. TYAGI M.A., Ph.D. (Eco.)	Assistant Professor (Retd. on 31.01.2017)
NOMITA P. KUMAR M.A., Ph.D. (Eco.)	Assistant Professor
SHILP SHIKHA SINGH M.A., Ph.D. (Pol. Sc.)	Assistant Professor
KAVITA BALIYAN M.A., M.Phil., Ph.D. (Eco.)	Assistant Professor
ANIMESH ROY M.A., Ph.D. (Geography)	Assistant Professor
MANJUR ALI M.A., Ph.D. (Pol. Sc.)	Assistant Professor

RESEARCH SUPPORT STAFF

MANOJ KUMAR SHARMA M.Sc., Ph.D. (Stat.)	Technical Assistant (Contractual)
SHIVAKAR TIWARI M.A. (Eco.), M.Phil.	Research Assistant (Contractual)
TOUSIB ALAM M.A. (Eco.), M.Phil., Ph.D.	Research Assistant (Contractual)
ABSAR AHMAD M.Sc. (Statistics), M.Phil.	Research Assistant (Contractual)

LIBRARY STAFF

ANURADHA KAKKAR M.A. (Edu.), M.L. Sc., Ph.D. (Lib. & Info. Sc.), MBA	Librarian
REETA SINHA M.Sc., B.Ed., M.L.Sc.	Assistant Librarian
ANJALI SRIVASTAVA M.A., M.L.Sc.	Library Assistant
PRAMOD KUMAR	Library Attendant
PREM KUMAR B.A., M.Lib.	Library Attendant (Contractual)

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Col. (Retd.) D.P. SINGH M.B.A.	Finance & Admn. Officer
DEEPAK SHARMA M.Com., L.L.B.	Accounts Officer (Retd. 31.01.2017)
RAM KAILASH M.B.A., M.A. (Eco.), PGDIB & EM	Secretary to Director
R.S. BISHT M.A. (Eco.)	Office Superintendent
SUNIL SRIVASTAVA B.Com	Accountant

MANOHARAN K. B.A.	Store Superintendent
GAURI NATHANEY B.A.	Receptionist
GEETA BISHT M.A. (Sociology)	Office Assistant
SUSHIL KUMAR B.A.	Caretaker (Retd. 30.11.2016)
RAM KISHOR M.A., B.Ed.	Caretaker (Contractual)
ASHOK KUMAR KASHYAP M.Com.	Accounts Clerk
N.S. BISHT B.A.	Typist Clerk (Jr.)
KRISHNA KUMAR VERMA B.A.	Typist Clerk (Sr.) (Contractual)

SUBORDINATE STAFF

VIRENDRA SINGH	Driver(Retd. 30.11.2016)
RAM KRIPAL	Electrician
MANOJ KUMAR	Driver
ASHWANI KUMAR	Peon
MAHESH KUMAR	Peon
SITA RAM	Cook-cum-Guest House Attendant
H.D. BHATT	Gardner
GURU PRASAD	Gardner
RAJU KANAUIA	Peon
VIJAY KUMAR	Daftari (Contractual)
SOM DUTT	Peon (Contractual) Resign 05.09.2016

RESEARCH

COMPLETED RESEARCH PROJECTS

1. Social and Educational Status of OBC/Dalit Muslims in Uttar Pradesh,

Sponsor: Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi

Project Team: Prof. Surinder Kumar, Prof. Fahimuddin, Dr. Prashant Kr. Trivedi and Dr. Srinivas Goli

Total Cost: Rs.35,00,000/-

Duration: 24 mths. (Extension granted upto 31.10.2016)

Date of Commencement: November 2013

Date of Completion: December 2016

Issues relating to the social, economic and political status of India's Muslim community have been a matter of debate for several decades. Social science research has highlighted relative backwardness among Muslims vis-à-vis non-Muslims in India. This has also been acknowledged by several studies and government appointed bodies such as Sachar committee. Though the committee did commission four studies as background papers, but lack of empirical studies was pointed out by its critique, as all of them dealt with secondary quantitative data. Otherwise also, mainstream social science departments in the universities and research institutes have done very little empirical studies on internal differentiation of Muslims and relative socio-economic conditions of backward and Dalit Muslims.

This project had been initiated to address these important issues. The main objective of the study was to identify and quantify the magnitude of social and educational differences between backward Muslims and other Muslims as well as between OBC/Dalit Muslims and non-Muslim OBC/Dalits in the state of Uttar Pradesh. A wide range of specific issues were investigated to assess inequalities between different social groups. In addition to indicators of backwardness recommended by Mandal commission and later adopted by NCBC, data on size and distribution of the population, employment, migration, health, education, poverty, consumption and standards of living, and access to social and physical infrastructure was collected.

This project had used multilevel cluster sampling survey covering over seven thousand households from 14 districts of the state.

The study finds wide gap between different Socio Religious Groups (SRG) in educational attainment, share in government jobs, employment and migration, poverty, food security, asset ownership, financial inclusion, demography, health and access to social safety programmes. Muslim OBCs appear worse-off than Hindu OBCs on all indicators of social backwardness. Muslims appear under-represented in Lok Sabha but their share was higher in State Assembly than in Parliament. In 2012 assembly elections, it reached close to their proportionate representation. But this increased share is not translated in increased share of OBCs among Muslims. Muslim OBCs are grossly under-represented in the faculty of State universities of UP.

An exercise has also been undertaken to analyze data of recruitment on various posts under the State. The data on recruitment also reveals that OBC Muslims perform slightly

better in OBC category than all Muslims in total vacancies. The data clearly shows that Muslim OBCs were not adequately represented in services under the state.

Significant inequality exists between various SRGs in terms of housing conditions, monthly per capita consumption expenditure (MPCE), land ownership and financial inclusion. The study also shows that Muslims' access to health services is rather limited. Wide gap exists between Muslim UC, OBC and Dalit and their Hindu counterparts in terms of institutional deliveries, immunization, access to social safety nets such as health insurance, life insurance, old age pension.

On issues related to Dalit Muslims, this report provides valuable empirical evidence concerning prevalence of caste discrimination and untouchability among Muslims.

The report recommends division of OBC quota into relatively forward and most backward castes in UP. Further, Provision barring entry of castes other than who follow three religions Hinduism, Sikhism and Buddhism shall be dropped from the Presidential Order, 1950. This might pave way for inclusion of Dalit Muslims into Schedule of Castes. A general protection to the petty production especially artisanal economy shall have a positive impact on Muslim OBCs. Five major areas of social development namely education, health, food security, employment and housing shall be granted to all citizens of India as a matter of right.

2. Muzaffarnagar Riots: Interrogating Political Dynamics of Religion and Caste of Western Uttar Pradesh,

Sponsor: Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi

Project Director: Dr. Shilp Shikha Singh.

Truth of riots remains under explained in theory and practice. Immediate trigger incidence often fails to explain specific riots. Our study reveals that there is no denying the fact that the political dividends of communal riots were high in Muzaffarnagar, but there was no direct and neat connection. The argument that communal riots strengthened the right wing politics in the district was only partially true. Communal Riots did give political advantage to BJP in the district but they are not the starting point of such an advantage. In other words the electoral advantage that works as an incentive for pushing communal riots in a communally sensitive area is often not local. The electoral advantage that BJP reaped was at the level of western region and subsequently at the level of the state, as a result of communal violence. Where communal riots would happen is not dependent on the weak electoral position of a party but rather on other socio-cultural factors that make a place fit for communal polarization.

Our study underlines that for Communal Riots to happen there has to be strong communal polarization independent of election. Such polarization are not transient or immediate, they take time to gain ground. The changes at the social and cultural level happen at a slow pace. Again the autonomy of communal riots in producing electoral dividend hinges on long term changes in the perception, attitude, behavior and expectation of the respective community groups.

The organization on both the sides flared fundamentalism before the riots and continue to do so after the riot to bring about permanent change in the inter-community perception. A closer look at the mode of functioning of Hindu and Muslim religious organization reveals a starking difference in their approach. While the Hindu organizations were aggressive and vocal in their propagandas, the Muslim organization preferred to work silently.

Again it is important to note that the religious polarization that resulted in communal riots did not completely sweep the caste divides. Infact the caste identities were much more visible in this riot. Hindus in this riot were largely landowning Jats and the Muslims were farm laborers, carpenters and blacksmiths to them.

The study found that the violent outburst pre-ordains reaching a threshold, but reaching that threshold is not a natural phenomenon, especially when the violence starts around a day-today-incidence. It is a deliberate attempt by some key players who take advantage of fragile inter-community perception. The autonomy of such groups is however limited by the availability of fertile ground for communal polarization. Media too plays an important role in creating an immediate perception of intolerance.

3. Impact of W.T.O. Provisions on Horticultural Exports: The Case of Indian Mango,
Sponsor: Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi
Project Director: Dr. Kavita Baliyan.

The main objective of the study was to estimate the trends and direction of mango exports from India during the pre and post-WTO periods. It also examined the constraints in the export of Indian mango and analyzed the impact and scope of geographical location on mango exports. The main focus of the study was to examine the condition and problems of mango growers and also to see the impact of the Government policies for export promotion of horticultural products and their impact on export of mangoes. The study was based on both primary and secondary data. Primary data was collected from mango growers, traders and government officials with the help of detailed structured schedules. The primary data of mango growing farmers were collected from four districts namely Lucknow & Saharanpur in Uttar Pradesh and Chittoor & Krishna district in Andhra Pradesh with the help of detailed scheduled.

The study found that though India accounts for major world production of mango, this dominance is not translated into high international trade (NHB). Further, if we look at the percentage share of mango in total exports of fruits & vegetables, a declining trend is noticed in the post WTO period. The study underlined that a major share of Indian mangoes (around 90 percent) goes to the Gulf countries (UAE, Saudi Arab, Kuwait, Qatar, Bahrain and Oman). Recently efforts are being made to penetrate European, American and Asian markets (NHB) too. The growth and instability of Mango & Mango products export from India between 1985-86 to 2014-15 shows that though the overall instability of Mango & mango products has declined by 12.87 per cent but the overall growth rate has not increased. This implies that the creation of WTO doesn't have much impact on the export of Mango & mango products from India. As per Revealed

Comparative Advantage (RCA) among 9 major global exporters, Philippines, Pakistan & Mexico, are the major competitors. These countries also show declining trend in competitiveness while South American countries like Peru and Ecuador are improving their competitiveness as per RCA indices for the period under study. Based on the domestic price, International Unit price and reference price (deducting 15 & 20 percent cost) the Nominal Protection Coefficient (NPC) was computed in the study. It shows that except for 2004 and 2008 India is not enjoying competitiveness at international level because domestic prices of mango are higher than the international prices.

Study reveals that the major constraints involved in Mango exports includes lack of adequate pre & post harvest technology, supply issues, market access, non-tariff barriers & lack of effective government policies.

Socio- economic characteristics of the sample households shows that socio-economic status of U.P. Growers is better than the AP growers. This is because; growers of Uttar Pradesh have higher productivity of mango including higher cost of production as compared to Andhra Pradesh. Household income was also higher of UP growers. While U.P growers primarily export fresh Mango, Andhra Pradesh growers go for higher export of processed mango due to availability of mango processing industry in AP.

4. Out Migration from Uttarakhand: Issues and Policy Options,

Sponsor: Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi

Project Directors: Prof. G.S. Mehta and Dr. Kavita Baliyan

Findings of the study show that absence of employment and livelihood opportunities led to out-migration of population from the hilly areas. Study found that this challenge can be met by diversifying and modernizing economy. This diversification needs to take into account the ecological and environmental advantages and constraints. The study suggested that diversification in farming system can be initiated by shifting available arable land from the production of traditional crops to the production of various high value niche crops. The hilly terrain of the state is most suitable for growing various off-season vegetables, variety of fruits, medicinal herbs and plants. Further the out migrants who seasonally return, felt that expansion of small scale industries and accessibility to quality civic facilities like schools, hospitals and transportation, could motivate them and others, who leave the state, to return and stay at their native place.

5. Survey of Child Labour in Rampur District of Uttar Pradesh

Sponsor: National Child Labour Project (NCLP), Rampur

Project Director: Professor B. K. Bajpai

In view of high incidence of child labour in Uttar Pradesh in general and Rampur district in particular, it becomes imperative to examine the factors responsible for the phenomenon. Main objectives of the study have been to find out number of working children in the age group of nine to fourteen years in the district and to identify those households which supply child labour. Study also investigates the reasons as to why those households supply child labour and parents do not desire to send them to school. Finally study analyses educational, health and working status of child labour.

Survey of child labours has been conducted in all the tehsils of Rampur district. All the child labourers and their households have been surveyed in the district. The information has been gathered on well prepared schedule provided by NCLP, Rampur.

Though financial need of the family remained the central reason for the parents to send their child for outside labour, the study also noted lack of interest in studies as a contributory push factor for child labour. It is noteworthy that quite a few child labourers dropped out of their schools due to lack of basic facilities and healthy environment. The study found that around 70 percent of the families and child labourers of the district were willing to take up vocational training. Tailoring and automobile repairing were the most desired vocational choices for the surveyed household. Other preferred areas of vocational training were food preservation, electric work, computer training, beautician, mobile repairing and wooden handicraft. The findings of the study highlighted stark religious variation in the incidence of child labour with muslim work force accounting for 84.36 percent of the total child labour force in the district. The corresponding figure for Hindus is only 15.64 percent in the district. This was followed by general and OBC categories.

6. Base Line Study of Knowledge Attitude Behavior and Practices of Electoral in Uttar Pradesh

Sponsor: Chief Election Commission of Uttar Pradesh

Project Director: Professor B. K. Bajpai

The purpose of this base line study was to understand existing levels of awareness, belief, perception and ongoing practices of voters regarding their readiness to participate in forthcoming elections in Uttar Pradesh. Study aimed at assessing voter enrolment rates, knowledge of Form 6 and reasons for non-enrolment among voters. The study also assessed Electoral Photo Identity Card (EPIC) ownership rate and tried to find out reasons for non-ownership. Further, the study estimated voter turnout in the sample and reasons for not voting among eligible voters. Awareness and knowledge of the electoral process among respondents, examination of their attitudes towards and beliefs about democracy and elections, their experiences of previous elections, perceptions and practices like important issues have been analyzed in this study. Finally, study measured the effectiveness and impact of Systematic Voters Education and Electoral Participation (SVEEP).

Major findings of the study suggest that Women's enrolment and participation in the electoral process is less than that of men. Respondents who had never tried to enroll themselves shared that they primarily lacked knowledge of enrolment process. The second most cited reason for non-enrollment was cumbersome process of enrollment. The study found that there was good recall among voters of having seen/read some voter awareness material developed by the Election Commission of India (ECI) with more than seven in ten voters responding in the affirmative to the question on the same. Study suggested that online registration process should be complete in itself with no need to submit the required documents to the BLO in physical form. The requirement of valid address or age proof remained the major hurdle for the urban slum dwellers for securing election card. Study recommended the ECI must devise ways to overcome this challenge.

Finally, improvement in civic amenities at the site of the polling booth, provision of compulsory voting, separate queues for senior citizen and sick voters, in village location of polling booths, ensuring availability of voter's slip and availability of transportation facility for voting to the handicapped and senior citizen voters were suggestions given to improve polling percentage.

7. The Project Evaluation of Indira Awas Yojna (IAY) in Uttar Pradesh,

Sponsor: Department of Rural Development Govt. of Uttar Pradesh

Project Team: Professor B. K. Bajpai, Dr. Senapati, Dr. Nomita and Dr. Tyagi

Indira Awas Yojana (IAY) is a welfare program for providing housing assets to the poor and needy households. Scheme is unique, as it prioritizes poorest of the poor. Uttar Pradesh being the largest state in terms of population with 20.7 percent of SC population and around 38 percent of household falling below Poverty Line, the demand for Indira Awas is huge.

The objectives of the proposed evaluation study included overall performance examination of the IAY in terms of actual construction of houses; identification of obstacles in realizing the target, evaluating changes in the quality of life of the beneficiary, making recommendations for cost effective housing facilities and finally suggesting ways for making an overall improvement in their social and economic life.

The study results are based on quantitative and qualitative data collected from ten sampled districts on the basis of structured questionnaire. The coverage of the study was 500 beneficiaries in each year thus a total of 1500 beneficiaries. The physical and financial targets as well as achievement have been examined for the last three years 2010-11, 2011-12 and 2012-13. This indicated that funds have not been utilized and over the years the share of unspent balance has increased from around 16 percent 2010-11 to 30 percent during the 2012-13. It was further revealed that most of the beneficiaries of IAY were not able to construct their houses with the amount sanctioned under the IAY. To complete the construction work programme beneficiaries had to resort to other sources for financial assistance. Results indicated that there has been significant positive socio economic impact on the lives of IAY beneficiaries. Possession of IAY house has improved the living standard of the beneficiaries. Further health, sanitation and social security of the beneficiaries have improved. The economic status of the beneficiaries has also improved, the house worked as an incentive to begin more income generation activities such as animal husbandry. Ownership of IAY house has also influenced their decision of not to migrate from their own village to any other place.

Study suggested that intensive monitoring is needed for the construction the houses under the scheme. Apart from taking measures to eliminate corruption in the disbursement/release of the construction amount, efforts should be made to enhance the existing financial assistance to IAY beneficiaries. The physical and financial performance of the programme should be improved by taking timely measures to complete the target and spend the money on a yearly basis.

8. Training Needs Assessment, Module Development for Panchayati Raj in Uttar Pradesh (GPDP)

Sponsor: Department of Panchayati Raj Govt. of Uttar Pradesh

Project Directors: Prof. B. K. Bajpai and Prof. I.C. Awasthi

As per the latest mandate of the state government, all village panchayats were to develop and formulate their own Development Plans, to be known as Village Panchayat Development Plan (GPDP). In view of this requirement, this study was initiated to ascertain Training Need Assessment (TNA) of panchayats, and prepare Module for Gram Panchayat Development Plan (GPDP). The study also documented Gram Panchayat Development Plan (GPDP) in video and text.

GPDP module contains planning and participatory training related issues/ topics. Participatory planning process is central theme of the module. Based on the module a six days training programme has been designed. Training Need Assessment (TNA), was done on the basis of primary data collected from eight districts of the four economic regions of the state. The selection of the district was done in consultation with Department of Panchayati Raj Government of Uttar Pradesh. Information through questionnaire was sought from Gram Pradhans and Village Secretary, Block Pramukh, ADO, Chairman of Zila Panchayat and District Panchayati Raj Officer (DPRO). The study found that very higher percentage of Gram Pradhans were unaware about the functions of Gram Panchayats, its committees, sources of income and its expenditures, accounting system. They were also, not aware of different schemes/programmes being implemented in the Gram Panchayats. On the whole, inference can be drawn that most of the Gram Pradhans lack understanding of different aspects of PRI system in the state hence need proper training on different dimensions of PRI's functioning.

9. Impact Evaluation of Orientation Programmes Conducted by BIRD, for Regional Managers and Chief Managers of Regional Rural Bankers,

Sponsor: BIRD, Lucknow

Project Director: Prof. R.P. Mamgain

Bankers Institute of Rural Development (BIRD) organises Orientation Training Programmes for Chief Managers, Regional Managers and General Managers of Regional Rural Banks (RRBs) along with other training programmes catering to the needs of banking industry in the country. On the request of BIRD, Giri Institute of Development Studies (GIDS) undertook a comprehensive review of orientation Training Programmes for assessing their impact on learning, work performance, career competencies, personal development of trainees. The study also identified deficiencies and suggested measures to improve the training programmes of the Institute. The study brings out several useful findings based on the responses of 97 trained senior officers (treatment group), 20 senior officers (control group) and 15 employers from amongst the RRBs. Overall, the study finds significant impact of training on the learning and work performance of trainees. The rating of BIRD's training facilities by trainees is high. As a result, such programmes are well received by the RRBs and other financial institutions, both in India and overseas.

10. Study of Conditional Cash Transfer (CCT) Scheme for Working Children in Uttar Pradesh,

Sponsor: UNICEF

Project Director: Prof. R.P. Mamgain

Department of Labour, Government of Uttar Pradesh launched a pilot Conditional Cash Transfer Scheme for Identified Child Labourers (CCT) with the technical support from UNICEF during 2007–2008 in ten select districts of Uttar Pradesh. The main purpose of the scheme was to prevent all forms of social and economic exploitation of children in child labour prone districts, by taking children out of work and placing them into mainstream education. As the scheme is in operation since last eight years, UNICEF Office-Uttar Pradesh commissioned the study to Giri Institute of Development Studies (GIDS) to review the CCT pilot programme. The primary objective of the study was to undertake a critical review of the scheme in terms of its coverage, adequacy, use of cash transfers, identify problems, lessons learned from its implementation and contribute evidences for reform and redesign of the scheme. The study is based on an extensive field survey across ten districts in Uttar Pradesh. The study found a significant impact of CCT scheme on the educational development of beneficiary children despite issues pertaining to identification of beneficiary children, reaching to target number of beneficiaries, irregularity in fund disbursement, inadequacy of the CCT funds and limited linkages with the other line departments for social security schemes. The study recommends to re-design the scheme towards making it more comprehensive, inclusive and effective, particularly for protection and risk mitigation for (a) children 'identified' as child workers, (b) the 'invisible' children working at home and also (c) those children who are vulnerable to fall into the vicious cycle of child labour and exploitation.

11. Impact of Laptop Distribution Scheme on Knowledge, Economic Empowerment and Employability of Youth in Uttar Pradesh

Project Director: Dr C.S. Verma

This study presents results from a survey on the much debated Laptop Distribution Scheme of Uttar Pradesh Government that provided free laptop to every student who has passed class XII and is enrolled in a graduation course. The study finds that the scheme has performed well.

A detailed survey was undertaken between September 2015 and December 2015 in 16 colleges of 13 districts of Uttar Pradesh to collect a sample of 3200 student beneficiaries. These districts were selected on the basis of being the first lot of beneficiaries at the start of the scheme in March 2012. Three year period is a fairly reasonable time to observe the impact of any study tools used by the students. While one college from each district was chosen from 12 districts, four colleges were selected from Lucknow.

The key findings indicate that these laptops have increased their access to quality course material and other teaching –learning aids. Majority of the students responded that ownership of laptop has motivated them to upgrade their knowledge of IT, which had direct bearing on their studies and employability. Respondents, both girls and boys admitted that use of laptop has increased their general awareness and understanding of

social, economic and political issues with the use of distributed laptops. Girls have welcomed the scheme in a big way and the study found that almost 94 percent feel that their status within their families has increased. Few students also opined that use of internet on laptop has encouraged students to indulge in wasteful activities for entertainment and pleasure. The study found that students from urban regions are benefiting more than the rural.

ONGOING RESEARCH PROJECTS

1. **Job Search and Hiring Practices in Urban Labour Markets in India: How Inclusive is the Indian Private Industry?**

Sponsor: Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi

Project Director : Prof. R.P. Mamgain

The study aims to understand the functioning of job search and hiring practices in the urban labour markets in select Indian cities with a special focus on marginalised groups. More specifically the study examines the nature, trends and structural changes in employment in urban areas; occupational pattern and diversification therein; job search methods by job seekers and their efficacy in getting employment; hiring practices by employers in the urban labour markets and their impact on employment of marginalised social groups; analyses the extent of various forms of job mobility, its determinants and impact on income of labour; assesses the impact of educational and skill development on employability and earnings in urban labour markets; analyse the nature, form and magnitude of discrimination in urban labour markets, its consequences on income and social status of labour; and finally the role of affirmative measures in promoting employment and social security to workers in urban areas.

The study is largely based on primary survey in the four cities of Delhi NCR, Lucknow, Pune and Coimbatore. For the study of supply side dynamics, the study is examining the job seekers, their households' characteristics and methods of job search. On the demand side, it is analysing the hiring methods by firms, strategies of promoting social equity in their recruitments, issues relating to employees turnover/attrition, wages and challenges they face in hiring, etc. Role of intermediary labour market institutions and campus placement cells is also being studied to understand the dynamics of urban labour market.

2. **Impact Assessment of Disaster and Trends in Sustaining Recovery in Uttarakhand,**

Sponsor: Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi

Project Team: Prof. G.S. Mehta, Prof. R.P. Mamgain and Prof. I.C. Awasthi.

The study examines the nature and magnitude of loss of livelihoods; and social, psychological and cultural impact of disaster and related issues along with coping mechanisms. It also analyses the extent and type of rehabilitation measures undertaken by different agencies and their adequacy, acceptability and adaptability. The main focus of the study is to map progress made in reconstruction of livelihoods and infrastructure in the affected villages, assess the role and contribution of different line departments, other institutions and stakeholders in disaster management.

The study is based on an extensive field survey based data from the disaster affected districts namely, Uttarakashi, Rudraprayag, Chamoli, Pithoragarh and Bageshwar covering 1600 households in two phases. It also uses secondary data of different departments of state government, line department officials at district, tehsil, block and village levels pertaining to disaster management policies, programme, and outcomes.

3. Estimation of District Level Poverty in Uttarakhand

Sponsor: DES, Dehradun

Project Director: Prof. R.P. Mamgain

This study aims to generate district-wise poverty estimates of rural and urban areas of Uttarakhand. It also aims to provide poverty estimates for various social groups across hill and plain areas of the state. The study also attempts a critical analysis of poverty and inequality and measures district-wise degree of inclusion/exclusion. Finally it would offer few suggestions for reducing poverty and inequality in the state. Given the constraints of access to other bigger data sources, such as SECC and NFHS-4, the present exercise of poverty and inequality estimation is largely based on NSSO pooled data on consumption expenditure for Uttarakhand for the year 2011-12.

4. Agrarian Crises Leading to Farmers Distress in the State of Uttar Pradesh

Sponsor: NABARD, R.O., Lucknow,

Project Team: Prof. G.S. Mehta, Prof. I.C. Awasthi and Dr. Nomita. P. Kumar

The study mapped the dynamics of agrarian distress over the last few decades with focus on changing pattern of land use, cropping pattern, irrigation facilities, productivity etc. An attempt was also made in the study to understand and analyze rural credit and marketing arrangements.

The pattern and status of implementation of various projects undertaken to promote agricultural development was also looked upon in the study. It further looked into trends and pattern of suicides in Uttar Pradesh and factors associated with such mis-happening. The study was conducted in five districts representing four economic regions of the State viz; Central: Kanpur Dehat; Western: Hathras; Bundelkhand: Jhansi and Chitrakoot and Eastern: Chandauli. In each districts, 2 development blocks were selected where area of crop failure has been enormous. In each block, 3-5 villages would be picked up and in each village 30-50 households were covered. In all a minimum of 1000 households would be covered in all five districts.

In the first stage of the study, district-wise data on reported cases of suicides have been examined to find out trends and pattern of suicides in Uttar Pradesh. In the second stage which is ongoing, a field survey in different regions has been conducted to study the cases of suicides if any. A detailed report on the causes of agrarian distress would be prepared.

5. Emerging Agrarian Relations and Agricultural Labour in North India: An Investigation in Uttar Pradesh

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Project Team: Dr. Prashant Kr. Trivedi, Prof. Surinder Kumar and Absar Ahmed

Last two decades of market oriented economic policies have seen two distinct phases, first phase between mid nineties to mid 2000s characterized by uneven growth and crisis and second phase since mid 2000s onwards marked by high growth. A plethora of research reports analyses causes and consequences of both these phases but fail to investigate institutional changes these two decades have brought in and their implications for different agrarian classes. To fill this gap, the proposed research endeavor plans to

investigate changing agrarian relations in Uttar Pradesh and its impact on agricultural labour.

This study aims to investigate nature and character of evolving agrarian structure in different regions of UP in terms of land ownership and tenancy to comprehend the direction of change in agrarian relations. Further, it plans to examine claims regarding non-cultivating households gaining prominence in Indian agriculture and 'forcing out' of marginal farmers to understand emerging agrarian relations in changing macroeconomic context. While doing so it would study dynamics of rural labour market in terms of impact of emerging labour arrangements, rising proportion of women in agriculture, technological changes, changing cropping patterns, increasing cropping intensity, state interventions and availability of non-farm opportunities on demand for labour and wages. It also wishes to validate existing conceptual framework of agrarian studies in changing context of market oriented macro economy and integration of agrarian economy with macro economy.

The study will attempt comparisons at two levels, one, spatial variations will be captured between regions within states and two, for changes over a period of time, secondary data and studies done in these areas will be used. A household survey shall be conducted to explore dynamics of transformation experienced by agrarian relations.

6. Skill Gap Analysis in the State of Uttar Pradesh,

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Project Directors: Prof. I.C. Awasthi and Dr. K.S. Rao.

The study aims identification of skill requirements and estimation of skill gaps at the district level in Uttar Pradesh. It would also identify potential employment areas where the trained people could be placed. The study would eventually formulate district level strategy for augmenting skill. For this purpose a primary survey would be conducted in the western (developed) and Bundelkhand (underdeveloped) regions. Further, in both the regions, two districts each have been selected --- one relatively developed and another least developed. Thus, a total of four districts, Banda and Jhansi in Bundelkhand and Gautam Budh Nagar and Etah in Western region, have been selected for the study based on a score of a district wise composite index computed for each district. The study would also utilize secondary sources of data like National Sample Survey Organization (NSSO).

To compute district wise composite index, seven indicators have been taken into consideration as per the availability of data. Three indicators of demand side viz. number of small scale industries per lakhs of population, number of registered working factories per lakhs population and average number of workers per registered working factory would be taken. Similarly four indicators on the supply side viz. literacy rate, number of ITIs per lakhs population, number of polytechnic per lakhs population and per capita income would be used. The methodology of calculating the index is similar to the methodology of Human Development Index (HDI). Four types of questionnaires - individual questionnaire, establishment questionnaire, vocational training provider's questionnaire and questionnaire for students would be administered on the total sample.

7. Human Security and Vulnerability in Uttar Pradesh and Odisha,

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Project Director: Dr. Chittaranjan Senapati

This study primarily attempts to contextualise vulnerability as human insecurity for India. The study would in particular map existing insecurities of Scheduled Caste population of Uttar Pradesh and Odisha on dimensions of social exclusion, human rights, democracy, and development. A comparative analysis for both the state would give interesting insights into the human security issues faced by marginalized population in the country.

The study is essentially exploratory, descriptive, and analytical in nature. The proposed indicators for this study covers four aspect of human security viz. personal and physical security, basic freedom, economic security and political security. Both quantitative and qualitative methods would be used to this study. Total 1000 samples would be taken, 500 from each state

8. Project on Economic Integration and Peace Prospects in South and Central Asia: Implications to India's External Security,

Sponsor: ICWA, New Delhi

Project Director: Dr. C. Senapati

South and Central Asia are basically contrasting regions, with some crucial commonalities. They are geographically contiguous; they were historically under play of the great game played by British and Russian empire; now they are also very important for their strategic geographic location. The socio-economic evolution of South Asian peoples has been essentially based upon settled agrarian practice. On the other hand, the Central Asian peoples have been pastoral societies. The three South Asian and three Central Asian countries — Uzbekistan, Turkmenistan, Tajikistan, Afghanistan, Pakistan, and India (UTTAPI) — have been taken for the study. Despite their common heritage, history, linguistic, cultural and social practices they happen to be the least integrated region in the world. The complex security issues, multiple inter-state disputes and yet a high untapped economic potential are the characteristics of all these countries Attempt would be made in the study to assess the situation of trade and integration taking place in this region (UTTAPI); to understand external security problems for India emanating from the region and explore the possibilities of converting security threats into economic cooperation through trade, transport corridor and other initiatives of human security and peace in the region. In particular the study is going to examine certain hypothesis like, will the transport corridor create conditions for trade and integrate people in this region; and will regional economic integration bring potential benefits for development, security and peace.

9. Changing Loyalty in Electoral Politics in Uttar Pradesh: A Study of Marginalized Group,

Sponsor: Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi

Project Directors: Dr. Shilp Shikha Singh and Dr. Manjur Ali.

The study attempts to capture the dynamic forces on ground that configures democratic space for people. There are evidences of many local level experiments by the political

parties and their allies in U.P that determined the possibility of dalit-muslim, dalit-backward and many such combinations in different part to determine major electoral outcomes. Again these voting blocs have their own trajectories, which the study attempts to explore. The study also focuses on why certain political combination works at one place and do not have any impact in some other places.

10. Development, Dispossession and class formation: A Study of Rajarhat New Town in West Bengal and POSCO Project in Odisha,

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Project Director: Dr. Animesh Roy

The study would examine the change in agrarian status and access to agricultural land among the dispossessed farming households after acquisition. It would analyze the pattern of transformation of economic activities among the dispossessed farming households caused by the acquisition of land and its conversion into non-agricultural land. The study would further examine how the post-acquisition stage real estate speculation on the existing agricultural land surrounding the development projects has developed a process of socioeconomic transformation within and between the erstwhile homogenous farming communities, especially in Rajarhat, leading to the formation of a new class.

The prime source of data for this project is the sample household survey. The survey would be undertaken in Rajarhat C. D. Block of district North 24 Parganas in West Bengal and Ersama C.D. Block (where POSCO project site lies) of Jagatsinghpur district in Odisha. The size of the sample would be approximately 1000. The secondary data (nine fold land use category data at district and C.D. Block level, different categories workers at the revenue village, revenue village wise area acquired and satellite imageries) would be collected from the Department of Agriculture, Government of West Bengal and Odisha, Primary Census Abstract, West Bengal Housing Infrastructure Development Corporation (WBHIDCO), Odisha Industrial Development Corporation (IDCO) and National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC), Hyderabad. Four satellite imageries (P6 LISS 4 & RS2 LISS 4) for 2004 and 2016 to be sourced from the National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC), Hyderabad would also be used in the study.

11. Training Needs Assessment, Module Development for Panchayati Raj in Uttar Pradesh (GPDP)

Sponsor: Department of Panchayati Raj Govt. of Uttar Pradesh

Project Directors: Professor B. K. Bajpai and Prof. IC Awasthi

The study will document the process and functioning of participatory village level planning. In this context a module of village development plan has been prepared which is based on participatory planning and convergence of available resources. This module would be applied on Amokhar gram panchayat of district Sonbhadra.

In this gram panchayat different steps would be followed to prepare village level development plan. This would entail facilitating people's participation and capacity building of panchayat functionaries. Next step would be situation analysis and prioritization of Panchayat activities at the village level. Lastly a resource envelop would

be prepared to enlist resources for meeting the expenses of panchayat. Finally, on the basis of these activities, a draft of the village Panchayat plan will be prepared and presented in an open meeting of the gram sabha for discussion and final approval.

12. Import-Export of All the Commodities in Uttarakhand

Sponsor: Directorate of Economics and Statistics, Govt of Uttarakhand

Project Directors: Professor B. K. Bajpai and Prof. I.C. Awasthi

Objective of the study is to analyse the volume of commodity imports in the state based on the trip sheets supplied by National Informatics Centre, Government of Uttarakhand. Other important objective is to classify products imported in National Industrial Classification digit level product groups and also to estimate revenue generation from the imports. The study would finally suggest policies towards making State's trade more competitive and viable.

13. Survey of Child Labour in Gonda District of Uttar Pradesh

Sponsor: National Child Labour Project (NCLP) Gonda

Project Director: Professor B. K. Bajpai

In view of high incidence of child labour in Uttar Pradesh in general and Gonda district in particular, it becomes imperative to examine the factors responsible for the phenomenon. Main objectives of the study have been to find out number of working children in the age group of 9 to 14 years in the district and to identify those households which supply child labour. Study also investigates the reasons as to why those households supply child labour and parents do not desire to send them to school. Finally study analyses educational, health and working status of child labour.

14. Development of Composite Index to Measure Backwardness of District in Uttarakhand,

Sponsor: DES, Dehradun

Project Team: Dr. C.S. Verma and Shivakar Tiwari

This study aims to construct district level composite index of backwardness for state of Uttarakhand. It compiled various indicators of backwardness from relevant data source and analyzed and compared its suitability. The study would also examine the level of development and disparity among various districts of Uttarakhand.

The study would construct five dimensional index of development/backwardness. These five dimensions would include Demographic, Economic Progress, Educational Development, Health and Access to Amenities. These dimensions will have 29 indicators. While constructing sub-component index weight would be calculated through principal component method and further aggregation of sub-component index would be done by assigning equal weight to each sub-component.

Seminars/Memorial Lectures/Workshops/Training Programmes

A. International Seminar

Growth, Disparities and Inclusive Development in Uttar Pradesh - Experiences, Challenges and Policy Options

Sponsors: ICSSR, Government of Uttar Pradesh and ILO

Seminar Coordinator: Prof. R.P. Mamgain

A three days **International Seminar** was organized by the GIDS, Lucknow on 23 - 25 September 2016. Seminar addressed the perplexing issues pertaining to inclusive development of Uttar Pradesh - the most populous state of the Indian union with huge social and economic diversities. While drawing lessons from national and international experiences, the seminar suggested a roadmap for optimum utilization of the state's potential in coming years.

Prof. S.R. Hashim, Chairman, GIDS chaired the inaugural session of seminar. Prof. Surinder Kumar, Director of this Institute, welcomed all participants. Dr. Sher Verick, Director, ILO-DWT Country Office, New Delhi gave special remarks on the seminar. Shri Naveen Chandra Bajpei, IAS (Retd.) Deputy Chairman, State Planning Commission inaugurated the program and delivered the inaugural speech. Keynote Address was given by Prof. Ravi Srivastava, CSRD, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi.

About twenty papers were presented and discussed by prominent scholars on different issues of development. The Seminar was attended by eminent social scientists, policy makers, bureaucrats, industry representatives, social activists and media persons. Prominent scholars included Prof. K.P. Kannan, Mr. Rajendra Kumar Tiwari, Principal Secretary, Dept. of Labour, Govt. of U.P., Prof. R.S. Srivastava, Prof. Praveen Jha, Prof. S.P. Singh, Prof. N.K. Mishra, Prof. Seema Bathia, Prof. Sanatan Nayak, Dr. Ashok K. Mishra, Prof. Linda Gail Arrigo, Dr. D.V. Deshpande, Dr. Rizwanul Islam, ILO, Dr. Piush Antony, Prof. M.H. Suryanarayan, Dr. Geeta Gandhi Kingdon, Prof. P.K. Sinha, Prof. Abdul Martin, Prof. Amaresh Dubey, Dr. Anish Ansari.

The Valedictory Address was delivered by Mr. Alok Ranjan, Chief Adviser to Hon'ble Chief Minister of Uttar Pradesh. Prof. Khan Masood Ahmad, Vice Chancellor, Khwaja Moinuddin Chishti Urdu, Arabi-Farsi University, Lucknow, chaired the valedictory session and gave his presidential remarks. Vote of thanks was given by Prof. R.P. Mamgain

2. Internal Seminars

Sl.No.	Name of the Speaker	Titled of the Seminar	Date of Seminar
1.	Dr. Kavita Baliyan, GIDS, Lucknow	Dynamics of Indian Mango and Mango Products Export	27.04.2016
2.	Praveen Chokhandre, GIDS, Lucknow	Dumping Site and Health Risk to Proximate Communities, Mumbai: A Cross-Sectional Case-Control Study	27.05.2016
3.	Dr. Anand Dwivedi	Health Benefits of Sprouted Whole Grain Wheat Floor"	28.05.2016
4.	Dr. R.C. Tyagi GIDS, Lucknow	Private Enterprise Development among Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in India: A Comparative Study of Ownership, Productivity and Policy Implications	29.06.2016
5.	Prof. Linda Gail Arrigo Taipei Medical University, School of Humanities and Social Science (Retd.)	Peasant Economy of China: Explanation for Sex Ratio and Inequality	28.09.2016
6.	Dr. Animesh Roy Assistant Professor, GIDS	Land Dispossession, Social Transformation and Rising Disparity among the Dispossessed Households: A case study of Rajarhat in West Bengal	05.10.2016
7.	Dr. Manzoor Ali Assistant Professor, GIDS	Is there Flush of Fund for Sanitation and Water?"	07.12.2016
8.	Mr. Augustine Veliath Communication Specialist, UNICEF	Remedial and Lifelong Education, the World's Biggest Challenge	07.02.2017
9.	Dr. Sandeep K. Baliyan Post-Doctoral Fellow, GIDS	Impact of Firm Performance on Employment and Wages in Indian Organized Manufacturing Sector	22.02.2017

B. MEMORIAL LECTURE

1. Seventh V.B. Singh Memorial Lecture on 'Town and Village Enterprises in China: Lesson for India'

The Institute organized Seventh V.B. Singh Memorial Lecture on "**Town and Village Enterprises in China: Lesson for India**" on 25th July 2016. The Memorial Lecture was delivered by Prof. Manoranjan Mohanty, Former Professor of Political Science, University of Delhi. The lecture was presided over by Prof. S.R. Hashim, Chairman, GIDS.

The lecture was attended by eminent social scientists, academicians and research scholars from universities and institutions and participated in the discussion. Prof. Surinder Kumar, Director, GIDS welcomed the chairperson, speaker and participants.

2. First T.S. Papola Memorial Lecture on 'Economics and Climate Change'

Professor T.S. Papola was a renowned development economist. For almost half a century he was a leading figure in labour economics in India. During his illustrious career he served many Institutions and Giri Institute was one of them. His tenure as the Director of the Institute laid the academic foundation on which it grew later. He also remained Chairman of the Institute's Governing Board and kept guiding us. After his untimely demise on 23rd November 2015, a memorial lecture series was started in the Institute in his honour.

First T.S. Papola Memorial Lecture on "Economics and Climate Change". was delivered by Prof. B.K. Joshi, BOG Member of GIDS on the behalf Prof. Y.K. Alagh, Vice – Chairman, Sardar Patel Institute of Economic and Social Research, Ahmedabad on 04th March 2017.

The lecture was presided over by Prof. S.R. Hashim, Chairman, GIDS. The lecture was attended by eminent social scientists, academicians and research scholars from universities and institutions and participated in the discussion. Prof. Surinder Kumar, Director, GIDS welcomed the chairperson, speaker and participants. Vote of thanks given by Prof. R.P. Mamgain.

C. WORKSHOP

1. Pre-budget consultation workshop on Uttar Pradesh State Budget 2017-18 (Coordinator: Dr. C.S. Verma, Associate Professor)

A workshop on Pre-budget consultation workshop on Uttar Pradesh State Budget 2017-18, was jointly organized by Giri Institute of Development Studies, Lucknow in collaboration with FLAIR, New Delhi, on March 25, 2017. The workshop focused on budgetary aspects of Child Health & Nutrition and Water and Sanitation. Participants from UNDP, UNICEF, Save the Children, Path, Action aid, Oxfam, NIPCCD, Jan Swasthya Abhiyan, BGVs, Vatsalya, KGMU, AMU Aligarh, FLAIR, New Delhi and

GIDS participated in the consultations. Prof A. Mateen from AMU Chaired the session, while keynote address was given by Dr CS Verma. Vote of thanks was presented by Mr Ajay Sinha, FLAIR. The organizing team included Shivakar Tiwari, Shivani Singh, (GIDS) Md Arif (FLAIR).

The report of the consultations was submitted to Secretary, Health and Family Welfare Department, Government of Uttar Pradesh.

D. TRAINING

1. Capacity Building for Faculty Members in Social Sciences (Course Director: Dr. Chittaranjan Senapati)

The Institute organized a two weeks Capacity Building for Faculty Members in Social Sciences from 30th May to 12th June 2016. The program was sponsored by Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi. The main objective of the program was to impart training to the faculty members in Social Sciences, employed in universities, colleges and research institutions. The focus of this program was on developing research capabilities among young faculty members and to get their completed research work published in the form of journals/articles/books etc. a national/international repute.

Prof. Surinder Kumar, Director of this Institute, welcomed all participants. Prof. T.K. Oommen, Centre for the Study of Social Systems, JNU, New Delhi inaugurated the program and delivered the inaugural speech. Dr. Chittaranjan Senapati briefed about the objective and detailed schedule of training program.

About 30 participants from various universities, colleges, and research Institutes attended the Capacity Building Program. Eminent social science experts were invited as resource persons from reputed Institutions and Universities to deliver the lectures. The resource persons included Prof. T.K. Oommen, Prof. Ajit Pandey & Prof. Manjeet Chaturbedi, Prof. Nisar Ahmad Khan & Prof. Ashok Mittal, Dr. G.C. Pal & Prof. Saghmitra Sheel Acharya, Prof Kasinath Jena, Prof. Madheswaran, Prof. Nisha Srivastava, Dr. Rajesh Chauhan, Prof. D.R. Sahu, Prof. S.K. Chaudury & Prof. Yashvir Tyagi, Prof. Manish Verma, Prof. N.M.P. Verma & Prof. B.B. Malik, Prof. Surinder Kumar and Faculty Member of GIDS.

The Valedictory Address was given by Prof. Arun Kumar, JNU, New Delhi. Prof. Khan Masood Ahmad, Vice Chancellor, Khwaja Moinuddin Chishti Urdu, Arabi-Farsi University, Lucknow, chaired the valedictory session and gave his presidential remarks.

2. Training Programme on Skill Development for Youth on Primary Data Collection and Field Survey-I
(Training Coordinators: Prof. B.K. Bajpai & Prof. I.C. Awasthi)

The Institute organized a Training Programme on "Skill Development Training Programme for Youth on Primary data Collection and Field Survey". The program was sponsored by Directorate of Economics & Statistics, Department of Planning, and Government of Uttar Pradesh. The training Programmes was conducted in six batches in the following order

	Batches	Duration
1.	1 st Batch	22 - 25 November 2016
2.	2 nd Batch	02 – 05 December 2016
3.	3 rd Batch	19 – 22 December 2016
4.	4 th Batch	30 January to 02 February 2017
5.	5 th Batch	06 – 09 February 2017
6.	6 th Batch	13 – 16 February 2017

3. Training Programme on Research Methodology in Social Sciences under SC/ST Component of ICSSR Grant.
(Coordinator: Dr. C. Senapati, Associate Professor)

The Institute organized a week long training programme on Social Science Research Methodology for Research Scholars and Faculty Members belonging to SC and Marginalized Groups (ST/OBC/ Minorities) during 24 – 30 March 2017. The programme was conducted as activities under SC/ST component of ICSSR Grant. The main objectives of the programme were to touch upon theoretical issues of research methodology, share knowledge on types of research design, train participants in methods and tools of data collection, train them in research writing, acquaint them with quantitative and qualitative research techniques and tools.

Prof. Madheswaran, ISEC, Bangalore inaugurated the program and delivered the Keynote Lecture. About 30 participants from various universities, colleges, and research Institutes attended the program. Eminent experts were invited as resource persons from reputed Institutions and Universities to deliver lecture. This panel of expert included Prof. Sukant Choudury, Prof. Yasvir Tyagi, Prof. Kameshwar Choudhury, Prof. Sanatan Nayak, Prof. Vivek Kumar, Prof. Sachidanad, Prof. Rakesh Raman.

The Valedictory Address was delivered by Prof. N.M.P. Verma, Head, Department of Economics, (Babasaheb Bhimrao Ambedkar University, Lucknow. Vote of thanks given by Dr. C. Senapati.

**4. Research Methodology Course for Ph.D. Students in Social Sciences
(Coordinators: Prof. B.K. Bajpai and Dr. Anuradha Kakkar)**

The Institute organized ten days Research Methodology Course for Ph.D. Students in Social Sciences during March 31 to April 09 2017. The programme was sponsored by Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi. The main objectives of the programme were to train participants in identification of research issues, review of literature formulation of research objectives, hypothesis formulation, research methodology, research design, sampling techniques, methods of data collection, techniques of data analysis, computer processing of data and ICT application in research.

Dr. Utsa Patnaik, Emeritus Professor, Centre for Economic Studies and Planning School of Social Sciences, JNU, inaugurated the programme and delivered the Keynote Speech on 'The Impact of State Policies on the Peasantry and Labour in India – History and the Present'.

About 30 participants including Research Scholars have attended the programme. The resource persons including Prof. S.K. Pant (GB Pant Institute of Social Sciences, Allahabad), Dr. Rajesh K. Chauhan, Prof. Yashvir Tyagi, Prof. Sheela Mishra, Prof. Arvind Mohan, Lucknow University, Prof. Jagdish S. Joshi, Academic Staff College, Gujarat University, Ahmedabad, Sanatan Nayak, Dr. Dinesh Pratap Singh, DAV P.G. College, Dehradun, Prof. Nisar Ahmad, Aligarh Muslim University, Dr. Jajati Keshari Parida, Centre for Economic Studies Central University of Punjab Bhatinda, Prof. Masood Siddiqui, Jaipura Institute of Management, Lucknow, Prof. Surinder Kumar and Faculty Member of the Institute, GIDS, Lucknow, delivered their lectures on various development aspects of social sciences.

The Valedictory session was chaired by Prof. Abhijit Sen, Emeritus Professor, Centre of Economic Studies and Planning (CESP), Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi and former Member, Planning Commission, Govt. of India. Vote of thanks given by Dr. Anuradha Kakkar.

RESEARCH PUBLICATIONS

(A) BOOKS:

1. Alam, Tosib (2017), "Rural Government in Uttar Pradesh: Issues and Perspectives", Sunrise Publications, with Financial support of ICSSR, New Delhi.
2. Kannan, K.P, Rajendra P. Mamgain and Preet Rustagi (2017), "Labour and Development in India", an Essays in Honour of Professor T.S, Papola (eds.), *Academic Foundation*, New Delhi, 2017.
3. Kumar, Nomita P. (2016), "Women Entrepreneurship in Urban Sector," *Mittal Publications*, New Delhi.
4. Kumar, Surinder and Fahimuddin (2017) "Emerging Challenges of Globalization & Development (ed.)," *Rawat Publication*, New Delhi.
5. Kumar, Surinder, C.S. Verma, P.K. Trivedi (2016), "State and Capitalist Development in India: A Political Economy Perspective (ed.)" *Aakar Books*, New Delhi.
6. Senapati, Chittaranjan (2016), "Exclusion and Poverty in India and Central Asia: A Diversity and Development Perspective" with Partridge India, *A Penguin Random House Company*, Bloomington, U.S.A.
7. Singh, Ajit K and Nomita P. Kumar (2016), "Child Marriage and its Consequences," *Mittal Publications*, New Delhi.
8. Singh, Ajit K and Nomita P. Kumar (2016), "Indian Widows in Search of God," *Mittal Publications*, New Delhi.

(B) RESEARCH PAPERS/ARTICLES IN JOURNALS

1. Ahmad Absar (2017): "Awareness of workplace hazards and preventive measures among sandstone mineworkers in Rajasthan, India: a cross-sectional study", *Journal of Health and Social Sciences*, 2(1).
2. Alam, Tosib (2015), "Status of Financial Resources of Rural Local Government: An Empirical Analysis of Aligrah District, *Journal of Social and Economic Studies*, A.N Sinha Institute of Social Studies, Patna Vol. xxv, No. (1-2).
3. Awasthi, I.C (2016), "Role of the Citizen and Rural Development in the context of Globalization", *Man & Development*, Volume XXXVIII, No.1, March.
4. Awasthi, I.C and Dev, Nathan (2016), "Poverty and Gender analysis: Evidences from a Village-based Study of Uttarakhand Hill Region," *Journal of Regional Development and Planning India*, vol.5, No.1.
5. Awasthi, I.C. (2016), "Uttarakhand Tourism: Potentials and Constraints, *Uttarakhand Socio-Economic Mirror*, Quarterly Bulletin of Directorate of Economics and Statistics, Government of Uttarakhand, Vol. No.2, September.
6. Awasthi, I.C. (2016), "Why Employment is Central to the Development Agenda? Some Issues, *Lucknow Management Convention Journal*, Vol. 11, No. 1.
7. Awasthi, I.C. and Puneet, Srivastava (2016), "Why are Micro enterprises Languishing?" --- Experiences of PMRY, *Amity Business Journal*, vol. 5, No.1.

8. Awasthi, I.C. and Puneet, Srivastav (2017), "Inequalities in Economic and Educational Status in Social Groups in India: Evidences from Village Study in Uttar Pradesh, *International Journal of Social Economics* (Emerald Group, U.K.), Vol. 44 Issue 6, June.
9. Bajpai, B.K (2017), "Management of Functional and Financial Devolution to Urban Local Bodies and Service Quality in Uttar Pradesh", *Adhigam*, Vol. 1, No. 2.
10. Kumar, Nomita P (2016), "Employment Pattern in Unorganized Manufacturing Sector in Uttar Pradesh," *Productivity*, National Productivity Council, Vol. 57. No.3, October-December.
11. Kumar, Nomita P (2016), "Occupational Structure in Rural Uttar Pradesh: What Changes the Recent NSSO Show?" *Journal of Rural Development*, Vol. 35, No.3, July-September.
12. Kumar, Nomita P (2016), Trends in Public Expenditure on Social Sector in Uttar Pradesh, *Madhya Pradesh Journal of Social Science Research*, vol. 21, No.2, December.
13. Mamgain, R.P (2016), "Revisiting Education and skill Development among Youth in India in the Context of Millennium Development Goals", *Journal of Economic & Social Development*, Vol. 12, No.1, June.
14. Mamgain, R.P (2017), "Addressing Unemployment among Educated Youth in India", *Journal of Educational Planning and Administration*, Vol. 31, No. 1, January 2017.
15. Mamgain, R.P and Shivakar Tiwari (2016), "Youth in India: the Challenges of Employment and Inclusion", *Journal of Social and Economic Development*, Springer, vol. 18, Issue 1, October 2016.
16. Roy, Animesh (2016), "Land acquisition and Rural Transformation: A Case Study from West Bengal", *Chinese Sociological Dialogue*, 1.1, 4 October, Sage, UK.
17. Roy, Animesh (2016), 'The Land Where Women Prevail: Khasi Matrilineality and Emergent Social Issues in Meghalaya' *Anudhyan: An International Journal of Social Science*, Vol. 1, No. 2. April.
18. Senapati, C (2016), "Terrorism in South Asia and Role of China", *The Indian Journal of Political Science*, Vol. LXXVII, No.-3, July-Sept.
19. Sharma, M.K. and Sisodia, B.V.S., (2016), "Estimation of Crop Production for smaller geographical area- An application of discriminant function analysis", *Journal of Applied Statistics*, 10 (2).
20. Trivedi, Prashant K, Srinivas Goli, Fahimuddin and Surinder Kumar (2016), "Identity Equations and Electoral Politics: Investigating Political Economy of Land, employment and Education" *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. LI. No.53, December 31.
21. Trivedi, Prashant K. Srinivas Goli, Fahimuddin, Surinder Kumar (2016), "Does Untouchability Exist among Muslims? Evidence from Uttar Pradesh', *Economic & Political Weekly*, Vol. L1 No. 15, April 9.
22. Verma, C.S (2017), "Healthcare Consumption in Uttar Pradesh Iniquitous Growth and Social Factors Contributing to Impoverishment, *Economic and Political Weekly*, March 4.

23. Singh, S & B.K Bajpai, (2015). 'Household Consumption Pattern and its Impact on Inequality in India: A Post-Globalization Scenario.' *International Journal of Social Science and Development Policy*, Vol. 1, No.2, July.
24. Shrivastav, Puneet Kumar (2016), "Cultural Influence on Employment Practices of Foreign MNCs: Evidence from Information Technology (IT) Sector in India", *HRM Review*, IUP Publications, Vol. XII, No. 1, January.
25. Shrivastav, Puneet Kumar (2016), Market Concentration & Competition in Indian Banking in Post Reform Era", *Man and Development* Vol. 38 (4).
26. Dubey, Amaresh, Sukhadeo Thorat and Shivakar Tiwari (2015): "Growth and Poverty Across States in India: The Social Group Dimension", *Journal of Social Inclusion Studies*, Vol. 1 No. 2 pp. 3-29.

(C) ARTICLES/ CHAPTERS IN BOOKS

1. Awasthi, I.C (2017), "Agriculture in Mountain Economy: Constraints and Policy Options, *Doubling Farmer's Income: Agriculture Sustainability and Policy*, F.K.Sudan et.al.(eds.), Black Print Excellence in Academic Publications, March.
2. Kumar, Surinder and Satish Kumar (2017), "Socio-Economic Profile of Rural India, (eds.) C. Ashokvardhan and VarnendraVikram Singh, Series III, Volume One, Haryana, Concept Publishing Company , New Delhi.
3. Kumar, Surinder, Prashant Trivedi and Shilp Shikha Singh (2017), 'Research Output: Discipline-wise Analysis, *Social Science Research in India: Status Issues and Policies*, Sukhdev Thorat and Samar Verma (eds.) Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
4. Mamgain, R.P (2017), "Occupational Diversification in India: Trends and Determinants', in Kannan, K.P., Rajendra P Mamgain and Preet Rustagi (eds.), *Labour and Development in India: Essays in honour of Professor T S Papola (ed.)*, Academic Foundation, New Delhi, 2017.
5. Rao, K. Srinivasa and Manoj Kumar Sharma (2017), "Rural non-farm income and occupational distribution: A study of two regions in Uttar Pradesh, *Doubling Farmer's Income: Agriculture Sustainability and Policy*, F.K.Sudan et.al.(eds.), Black Print Excellence in Academic Publications, March.

(D) WORKING PAPERS

1. Bajpai. B.K (2017),"Functional and Financial Devolution to Urban Local Bodies and their Performance in India" working paper series of Himalayan Policy Research Centre, New Mexico University.
2. Mamgain, R.P and D.N. Reddy (2016), "Outmigration from the Hill region of Uttarakhand: Magnitude, Challenges and Policy Option", GIDS, Working Paper No.218.
3. Singh, Shilp Shikha (2016), 'Why Musahar Vote", GIDS Working Paper 219.

(E) ARTICLES IN NEWSPAPER AND MAGAZINE

1. Ali, Manjoor (2016), 13 November, 2016, *The Inquilab*
2. Ali, Manjoor (2016), 18 December, 2016, *The Inquilab*.

3. Ali, Manjoor (2016), २०१४ के बाद भाजपा सरकार प्रायोजित साम्प्रदायिकता, Hastakshep, 18 December.
4. Ali, Manjoor (2016), Being Dalit is Also important in Poll bound Uttar Pradesh, Hastakshep, 15 December.
5. Ali, Manjoor (2016), BJP Development has met its Limit? Hastakshep, 28 November.
6. Ali, Manjoor (2016), India's Elite and the "Technocratic" understanding of Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, VIKALP, 25 December.
7. Ali, Manjoor (2016), Kale Dhan ka Kala Jaadu, Jansandesh Times, 24 November.
8. Ali, Manjoor (2016), Why this Religious Bias in Reservation Law?, Forward Press, 31 December.
9. Ali, Manjoor (2017), How Anti-Brahmanism movements lost their way, Forward Press, 7 march, <https://www.forwardpress.in/2017/03/how-anti-brahmanism-movements-lost-their-way/>
10. Ali, Manjoor (2017), Will Sustainable Development Goals be achieved under Hindutva Milieu?, [http://www.vikalp.ind.in/2017/02/will-sustainable-development-goals be.html#more](http://www.vikalp.ind.in/2017/02/will-sustainable-development-goals-be.html#more), 19 Feb.
11. Bajpai, B.K (2017), "Away from Caste, Religion, Is there a Gender Narrative to U. P. Polls" in News 18.com on Feb. 10.
12. Bajpai, B.K (2017), "UP for Grabs: Price Catch or Poisoned Chalice?" in Economic Times, Feb. 23.
13. Mamgain, R.P (2016), " "SCs in good number, may impact Assembly election results", *The Tribune*, 29 December, Dehradun.
14. Mamgain, R.P (2017), "Can Jaitley's latest Union Budget create more jobs? Not really", *Catch News*, 1 February, New Delhi.
15. Mamgain, R.P (2017), "Economic inequalities in Uttarakhand", *Times of India*, 30 March, Dehradun.
16. Mamgain, R.P (2017), "Uttarakhand suffers from massive inequalities: What's the way ahead?" *Catch News*, 25 March, New Delhi.

PARTICIPATION IN CONFERENCES, SEMINARS, WORKSHOPS, LECTURES AND OTHER ACADEMIC EVENTS

Prof. Surinder Kumar

1. Presented paper on 'Crisis in Mainstream Social Science Theory: Can Political Economy be of some help?' and chaired a plenary session, Eleventh Forum on Globalisation, Employment & Agriculture, World Association for Political Economy, Panjabi University, June 17-19, 2016, Patiala.
2. Presented paper on 'Deepening Crisis in Economic Theory: Some Reflections' in International Symposium: Seventh World Socialist Forum, organized by World Association for Political Economy, at Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, October 20-21, 2016, Beijing.
3. Presented paper on 'Emerging Challenges in Social Sciences Theory & Research' and chaired a plenary session at IPEA Annual Conference, GNDU, November 4-6, 2016, Amritsar.
4. Presented paper on 'Towards Understanding Contemporary Development in Wage Studies in India and Examining its Suitability' co-authored with Shivakar Tiwari, Indian Society of Labour Economics, Annual Conference, November 24-26, 2016, Gauhati.
5. Participated in Global Conference on 'Prosperity, Equality and Sustainability: Perspectives for Better World' organized by IHD & World Bank, June 1-3, IIC, June 1-3, 2016, New Delhi.
6. Delivered Lecture on 'Issues in Teaching and Research and Social Sciences' in Capacity Building Programme for SC/ST young researchers, sponsored by ICSSR, June 7, 2016 and Valedictory address at GIDS, Lucknow, June 11, 2016.
7. Chaired a session, National Seminar on 'Growth and Social Sectors Development in Uttar Pradesh Economy, January 28, 2017, Lucknow University.
8. Inauguration of National Seminar on Globalisation and Youth in India Curriculum Issues and Challenging organised by Department of Sociology, March 6, 2017, BBAU.
9. Presented paper on "Crisis in Social Science Research" in EUREO-ICSSR- Event on Sustainable, Equity, Well being and Cultural Creativeness on March 8-9, 2017, New Delhi.
10. Key note address in Haryana 'Theme Macro Economic Policies and Development Issue and Challenging', Economic Association Annual Conference held at Agricultural University, , March 10, 2017, Hissar, Harayana.
11. Chaired session in National Conference on Goods and Service Taxes organised by Khwaja Moinuddin Chishti Urdu, Arabi-Farsi University, March 18, 2017, Lucknow.
12. Chaired a preliminary session on Social Science and Policy at National Seminar on Social Science Policy, organised by CRRID, March 23-25, 2017, Chandigarh.

Prof. B.K Bajpai

1. Delivered lecture on "Performance and Assessment of Rural Development Programmes in Uttar Pradesh", State Institute of Administration and Management, April 22, 2016, Lucknow.
2. Delivered three lectures on "Devolution of Powers and Governance of ULB's in Uttar Pradesh" State Institute of Administration and Management, during May and June, 2016, Lucknow.
3. Delivered a lecture on 'Concept and Methods of Scientific Social Science Research' in the 'Research Methodology Course for Ph.D. Students in Social Sciences', 29th March to 7th April, 2016, Lucknow.
4. Presented a paper, "Community Participation for Quality Improvement of Elementary Education" in National seminar held at MP Institute of Social Sciences, April, 2016, Ujjain, M.P.
5. Chaired paper clinic session of two week's Capacity Building Programme of ICSSR at Giri Institute on June 1st 2016, Lucknow.
6. Acted as discussant in a technical session in International Seminar on Growth, Disparities and Inclusive Development in Uttar Pradesh: Experiences, Challenges and Policy Options, on September, 2016, organized by Giri Institute of Development Studies (GIDS), Lucknow.
7. Presented a paper titled, "Functional and Financial Devolution to Urban Local Bodies and their Performance in India" at Eleventh Himalayan Policy Research Conference (HPRC 2016), at Wisconsin University, Madison, USA in 45th Annual Conference on South Asia, during October 20-23, 2016.
8. Chaired Third session in the Conference of Himalayan Policy Research in Madison, University of Wisconsin, USA held during October 20- 23, 2016.
9. Acted as discussant in a technical session in a National Conference on Socio-economic Progress during 12th Five Year Plan, organized by the Babasaheb Bhimrao Ambedkar University, Lucknow, on December 16, 2016.
10. Presentation on "Training Needs Assessment, Module Development of PRI" for Uttar Pradesh in one day National Conclave on "Transforming India through Strengthening PRI's by Continuous Training and e- enablement" at NIRDPR, Hyderabad on 28th Dec. 2016.
11. Delivered Lecture on "Concept and Problems of Inclusive School Education in India" in National Conference on Forging the Future on Inclusive Education: Strategic Dialogue and Evidence at Centre for Social Exclusion in Inclusive Policy, Babasaheb Bhimrao Ambedkar University, Lucknow on March 7, 2017.
12. Presentation of Gram Panchayat Development Plan of U. P. at National Conclave of Partners for the Promotion of Panchayati Raj System in India at NIRDPR, Hyderabad on 27th March, 2017.
13. Delivered Two lectures on "Concept and Methods of Social Science Research in Ten Days programmes on 'Research Methodology Course for Ph.D. Students in Social Sciences' sponsored by ICSSR at GIDS, Lucknow during the period 31st March to 9th April 2017.

Prof. R. P. Mamgain

1. Discussant, for session on "Multi-Stakeholder Consultation on Policy Options for Domestic Work in the Context of India's Care Economy", organized by International Labour Organisation and Institute for Human Development, 4 April 2016, New Delhi.

2. Keynote speaker, Contribution of BR Ambedkar for Development of Modern India, organized by B R Ambedkar University, 13 April 2016, Lucknow.
3. Panelist in a Discussion on Private Capital: Issues of Access and Equity, National Seminar on Private Sector and Social Inclusion: Issues related to Employment, Capital and Education, organized by Indian Institute of Dalit Studies on the occasion of 125th Birth Anniversary of Dr. B R Ambedkar, 14 April 2016, New Delhi.
4. Participated in “Global Conference on Prosperity, Equality and Sustainability: Perspectives and Policies for a Better World”, The World Bank and Institute for Human Development, 1-3 June 2016, New Delhi.
5. Presented paper on “Inequalities in Access to Regular Wage Employment Opportunities”, International conference on Strategies of Economic Development for Wholesome Life, Department of Economics, M L Sukhadia University, 10-11 June 2016, Udiapur.
6. Presented by paper on “Labour, Employment and Earnings in Uttar Pradesh”, International Seminar on Growth, Disparities and Inclusive Development in Uttar Pradesh: Experiences, Challenges and Policy Options”, 23-25 September 2016, organized by Giri Institute of development Studies, Lucknow.
7. Organised International Seminar on Growth, Disparities and Inclusive Development in Uttar Pradesh: Experiences, Challenges and Policy Options”, 23-25 September 2016, at Giri Institute of development Studies, Lucknow.
8. Presented a paper on “Discrimination in New Forms of Recruitment”, Policy Advocacy Seminar at Indian Institute of Dalit Studies, 27 September 2016, New Delhi
9. Chaired a session on "Discrimination and Social Exclusion: Historical Perspectives at Policy Advocacy" Seminar at Indian Institute of Dalit Studies, 27 September 2016, New Delhi
10. Participated in a Technical Consultation on “Towards an Indian Wage Report 2016”, organized by International Labour Organisation, for South Asia on 11 November 2016, New Delhi.
11. Chief Rapporteur of the International Seminar on "The Middle Class in World Society”, organized by Institute of Social and Economic Change and World Society Foundation, 16-17 December 2016, Bangalore.
12. Panel list in a Discussion on “Employment and Growth in India”, during the 99th Indian Economic Association Conference, S.V. University, Tirupati, 27-29 December 2016, Andhra Pradesh.
13. Panelist in a Discussion on ‘Globalisation and Youth in India’, in a National Seminar on “Globalisation and Youth in India: Perspectives, Issues and Challenges”, organised by Department of Sociology, Babasaheb Bhimrao Ambedkar University, 7 March 2017, Lucknow.
14. Keynote address on “Caste, Inequality and Inclusive Policies in India”, in a seminar on “Rethinking Marginality: Conjunctions and Contradictions”, Rabindra Bharati University, 29 March 2017, Kolkota.

Prof. I.C. Awasthi

1. Presented paper on “Skill Development in Uttar Pradesh: Regional Disparities among the Social Groups”, in International Seminar on Growth, Disparities and Inclusive Development

in Uttar Pradesh: Experiences, Challenges and Policy Options during 23-25 September 2016, organized by Giri Institute of Development Studies (GIDS), Lucknow.

2. Acted as discussant in a technical session on '12th Five Year Plan and Inclusive Growth' in National Conference on Socio-economic Progress during XIIth Five Year Plan, organised by the Babasaheb Bhimrao Ambedkar University, December 15-16, 2016, Lucknow.
3. Delivered a lecture on Ten Day Research Methodology Course organised by the GIDS during 31st March to 9th April, 2017, Lucknow.
4. Chaired group presentation session in Ten Day Research Methodology Course organised by the GIDS during 31st March to 9th April, 2017, Lucknow.

Dr. C. Senapati

1. Paper presented on topic "Central Asian Economic Cooperation and Security Environment" in International Conference on Twenty Five Years of Post Soviet Experience: Perspectives on Nation Building and Democratization in Eurasia, during 2 – 4 November 2016, Organized by School of International Studies, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi.
2. Paper presented on "Relevance of Ambedkar Thoughts in Neoliberal Era" in National Conference Jointly on "Bartman Samay mein Dr. B.R Ambedkar ke Bicharo ke Prasangikata" organized by Indian Council of Social Sciences and Indian Political Science Association, Department of Political Science, Chaudhary Charan Singh University, during 31st March - 1st April, 2017, Meerut.
3. Paper presented on "Citizenship Crises in Third World: A Case of Central Asia" in 20th Annual Conference of Indian Political Economy Association, during 4th - 6th November, 2016, Jointly organized by Indian Political Economy Association (IPEA) & Department of Economics, Guru Nanak Dev University, Amritsar.

Dr C.S. Verma

1. Presented paper in National Seminar on "Public Health in India: Issues of Women, Children and Adolescents" at GL Gupta Institute of Public Health, University, 14-15 October 2016, Lucknow.
2. Presented paper titled "A Study of Livelihood Crisis and Opportunities for Diversification in North India" at 20th IPEA Conference, held on 4-6 November 2016, at GND University Amritsar.
3. Presented paper on "Health and Malnutrition in the XII Five Year Plan: The Case of Uttar Pradesh, at ASEDS Conference 15-16 December 2016, BBAU, Lucknow
4. Presented paper on "Role of BRICS and Developing World" at International Symposium on BRICS, Jiangsu Normal University, on October 23, 2016, Xuzhou, China.
5. Participated in Conference "Developing and Innovating Marxism in the 21st Century at Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, 21-22nd October 2016, Beijing, China.
6. Participated in Seminar on "A Comparison between Chinese and Indian Market Economies" Tongji University, on October 25, 2016, Shanghai, China.

Dr. Prashant Kumar Trivedi

1. Presented paper titled “Crisis of Mainstream Social Science Theory-Can Political Economy be of some help? in Eleventh forum of the World Political Economy Association, Punjabi University, 17 to 19 June 2016 (with Surinder Kumar), Patiala.
2. Presented paper titled “Contemporary Political Mobilisation in Uttar Pradesh-Investigating Political Economy of Land, Employment and Education in UP, in 20th Annual Conference of the Indian Political Economy Association, 4-6 November 2016, GNDU, Amritsar.
3. Presented paper titled “Socio-Economic Conditions of OBC/Dalit Muslims in Uttar Pradesh”, in International Seminar on Growth, Disparity and Inclusive Development in Uttar Pradesh-Experiences, Challenges and Policy Options, on 23-25 September 2016.
4. Presented paper on “Land Ownership, Land Leasing and Agricultural Development” in India Land and Development Conference, on 6th April, 2017, India International Centre, Delhi.
5. Delivered four lectures on qualitative research methods and publishing papers to Ph D scholars of Bundelkhand University, on 1, 2 March 2017, Jhansi.
6. Delivered a lecture on ‘Qualitative and Quantitative Research Methods’ to the participants of Ten Days Research Methodology Programme for Ph D Scholars in Social Sciences, 31 March-9 April 2017 on 1st April 2016 at the Giri Institute of Social Sciences, Lucknow.

Dr. K.S. Rao

1. Participated International Seminar on “Growth, Disparities and Inclusive Development in India with special Focus on Uttar Pradesh state”, 23-25 September 2016 organised by GIRI Institute of Development Studies, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh.
2. Delivered Key Note Address at National Seminar on ‘Skill Development in India: Role of Vocational Education and Training’ during December 16 – 17, 2016 organised by Department of Political Science, SVRM College, Nagaram, Guntur, Andhra Pradesh.
3. Paper presented on ‘The Impact of Demographic Dividend and Congruence of Skill Development in India’ in First Southern Social Science Congress on Social Science: New Paradigms towards Sustainable and Prospective Future held on 23rd to 25th March, 2017 at Institute of Public Enterprise (IPE), Osmania University Campus, Hyderabad, Telangana.
4. Paper presented ‘Rural Non-Farm Income and Occupational Distribution: A Study of Primary Data in Uttar Pradesh’ in National Conference, organized by Department of Economics, Jammu University, during 29 – 30 March, 2017, in Jammu, Jammu & Kashmir.
5. Chaired group presentation session in Ten Day Research Methodology Course organised by the GIDS during 31st March to 9th April, 2017, Lucknow.

Dr. Nomita P. Kumar

1. Presented Paper on “Rhetoric about Challenges that Women Entrepreneurs Face in Uttar Pradesh”, in the Twelfth Biennial Conference on Entrepreneurship by the Institute of Entrepreneurship, on 22nd to 24th February, 2017 Ahmedabad.
2. Attended “Impact Now” Workshop organized by Population Foundation of India, Lucknow and SIFPSA, a joint venture for family Planning on 30th September and 1st October, 2016 Lucknow.

3. Presented a paper entitled “Is Uttar Pradesh Treading Towards Healthy Tiny Tots Through ICDS?”, in the National Seminar on Public Health in India: Issues of Women, Children and Adolescents at Dr G.L. Gupta Institute of Public Health, University during 15-16 October, 2016, Lucknow.
4. Presented a paper “Understanding Intra-State Disparity in Uttar Pradesh: 2000-01 and After” in the International Seminar on “Growth, Disparities and Inclusive Development in India with Special Focus on Uttar Pradesh State”, 23-25 September 2016 at GIDS, Lucknow.

Dr. Shilp Shikha Singh

1. Delivered a lecture on “Ethnographical and Phenomenal Research” on 1st April to the participants of Research Methodology Programme for Ph.D. Students in Social Sciences organized by GIDS (sponsored by the ICSSR) from March 29 to April 7, 2016.

Dr. Kavita Baliyan

1. Presented paper on “Major Constraints In Mango Export From India” in National Seminar on “Agriculture Distress: Issues Challenges and Policy Implications” held on 25th -26th February 2017, organized by Department of Economics, University of Lucknow.
2. Delivered a lecture on “Probability and Non-probability Sampling” in a Research Methodology Programme on 25th March 2017 organized by Department of Education, Lucknow University from 20th to 29 March 2017, Lucknow.

Dr. Animesh Roy

1. Presented paper titled ‘The Question of Development: Land Acquisition and Proletarianization of Peasants’ in National Seminar on ‘Agrarian Crisis in Rural India: Challenges and Perspective’ organised by MPISSR, in February 2017 Ujjain.
2. Presented a research paper entitled ‘Land Acquisition, Property Rights and Rural Livelihoods’ in a 2-day national seminar on ‘Land Rights, Changing Agrarian Relations and Rural Transformation’ organized by the NIRD, in October 2016 Hyderabad.
3. Presented a research paper entitled ‘Land Acquisition, Real Estate Intervention and Social Transformation: a Case Study of Peri-urban Kolkata’ in a 2-day international seminar organized by the Department of Applied Economics and Business, Shri Mata Vaishno Devi University, July 2016, Katra.
4. Presented a research paper titled ‘Land Dispossession, Class Formation and Rising Disparity among the Dispossessed Households: a Case Study of Rajarhat in West Bengal’ in a international seminar on ‘Development-Induced Displacement, Migration, land acquisition and Resettlement’ organized by the CDS, Trivandrum, in February, 2016, Kerala.
5. Discussant of a technical session in the national seminar on ‘Agrarian Crisis in Rural India: Challenges and Perspective’ organized by the MPISSR, in February 2017 Ujjain.

Dr. Anuradha Kakkar

1. Delivered lecture on to M.A. students of Dr Shakuntala Misra University, on Library E-Resources and State of the art GIDS Library on December 3, 2016, Lucknow.

2. Delivered lecture on M.Ed students of Rama P.G. College, Lucknow on GIDS Library Resources, Services and facilities to researchers on Jan 02, 2017, Lucknow.
3. Attended the Millennium Alliance Workshop for Indian Innovations organized by FICCI and Technology Development Board, GOI on Jan 28, 2017.
4. Chaired a Technical session in the National Conference on “Transforming Libraries in 21st Century” at BBAU, on March 30, 2017 Lucknow.
5. Delivered a Guest of honor Lecture on “Future of Libraries: Vision 2020” in the National Conference at BBAU, on March 30, 2017 Lucknow.
6. Delivered a Lecture on “Use of ICT Resources in Research” in the ICSSR sponsored Research Methodology Course for Ph.D. Students in Social Sciences in April 9, 2017.
7. Participants Research Methodology Course for Ph.D. Students in Social Sciences organised by GIDS Library Resources, Services and facilities, in April 9, 2017 Lucknow.

Absar Ahmad

1. Presented paper on “Knowledge and Prevention Practices Related to Health Risk among Sandstone Quarry Workers in Rural Rajasthan, India” in Oxford Symposium on Population, Migration, and the Environment held in St. Cross College, Oxford, on 5-6 Dec, 2016, UK.
2. Attended Summer School on Health Policy Research: Theory and Applications organized jointly by Azim Premji University and Indian Health Economics and Policy Association held at Azim Premji University, 6-10 June, 2016, Bangalore.
3. Delivered lectures on “Introduction to CS-pro/data entry” to the participants of “Methodology Training for SC/ST PhD Students and Faculty Members” organized by Giri Institute of Development Studies, on 24-30th March, 2017, Lucknow.
4. Took “Practical class on SPSS” to the participants of “Capacity Building Programme for faculties in Social Sciences” organized by Giri Institute of Development Studies on 22 May-04 June , 2017, Lucknow.
5. Delivered lecture on “Some basic statistical techniques on Excel” to the participants of “Two-week capacity building programme for faculties in Social Sciences” organized by Giri Institute of Development Studies on 22 May- 04 June , 2017, Lucknow.

Dr. Shivakar Tiwari

1. Presented paper on “Differential Effect of Growth on Poverty Reduction across Social Groups: A State Level Scenario” at International Workshop on Causes of the Varying Performance of Indian States, organised by Centre For The Study of Regional Development, Jawaharlal Nehru University, and German Institute of Global and Area Study (GIGA), Hamburg on 21st and 22nd November, 2016 at JNU, New Delhi.
2. Presented paper on “Towards Understanding Contemporary Development in Wage Studies in India and Examining its Suitability” at 58th Annual Conference of Indian Society of Labour Economics organised by Indian Society of Labour Economics and Indian Institute of Technology, Guwahati on 24th to 26th November, 2016 at Guwahati, Assam.
3. Presented paper on “Role of Economic Growth and Inequality on Urban Poverty” at International Workshop on “The Comparative History of City Growth in Japan and India: A Case Study of the Iron and Steel cities” organised by Jawaharlal Nehru University, and University of Tokyo, on 7th and 8th January, 2017 at Jamshedpur, Jharkhand.

Dr. Manoj Kumar Sharma

1. Presented a paper entitled “A regional study on pulse crisis in Uttar Pradesh” in National Seminar on Agriculture Distress: Issues, Challenges and Policy Implications, held at University of Lucknow, February 25-26, 2017, Lucknow.

Dr. Tosib Alam

1. Presented paper entitled “Analysis of Rural Local Government Finances in Uttar Pradesh: Trends, Issues and Reforms” in the National Seminar on Growth and Social Sector Development in Uttar Pradesh Economy organized by the Department of Economics, Lucknow University, April 6-7, 2017, Lucknow.
2. Participated and presented paper titled " Financial sector Reforms and financing the Inclusive Development in India: With Special Reference to Uttar Pradesh" in the international seminar on Growth, Disparities and Inclusive Development in Uttar Pradesh: Experiences, Challenges and Policy Options during September 23-25, 2016.

Shivendra Singh

1. Participated in 17th IASSI Annual Conference on Education and Development: Issues, Challenges and Opportunity” organized by Centre for Research in Rural and Industrial Development (CRRID), December 9-10, 2016 Chandigarh.
2. Presented Paper on “Changing Pattern of Consumption Expenditure and Its Impact on Nutritional Intake and Educational Level in India” in “Issue and Challenges of Education in Indian Context” organized by Department of Education, Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Gorakhpur University in collaboration with Association for Educational Development, Sponsored by UGC, March 11-12, 2016 Gorakhpur.
3. Presented Paper on “Issues and Challenges of Education in Indian Context in “Health and Development: Emerging Issues and Challenges in Uttar Pradesh” organized by Giri Institute of Development Studies, (GIDS) and Tata Institute of Social Sciences (TISS), Mumbai, December 21-22, 2015 Lucknow.
4. Participated in “Research Methodology Course for Ph.D. Students in Social Science” organized by Giri Institute of Development Studies, Lucknow and sponsored by Indian Council of Social Science Research, from 31 March to 09 April, 2017, New Delhi.
5. Participated in “Workshop on Research Methods in Education” organized by the Department of Educational Policy in the National University of Educational Planning and Administration(NUEPA) , from October 17-28, 2016, New Delhi.
6. Participated in “Research Methodology Programme for PhD Students in Social Sciences” organized by Indian Institute of Technology Guwahati, Department of Humanities and Social Sciences sponsored by Indian Council of Social Science Research, from 14 March to 23 March, 2016, New Delhi.

Ravindra Singh

1. Participated and presented paper on “Representation of Muslim Community in MGNREGA in Uttar Pradesh” in a national symposium on MGNREGA: Interrogating Development Perspective in India, during 10-11 August 2015, organised by Department of Sociology, Banaras Hindu University, Varanasi.

2. Presented paper on “Representation of Dalits in India in Electoral Democracy in Bihar” in “Dalits in India: Debating Subalternity and Exclusion” from 28th November to 29th November, 2015 organized by Department of Sociology, Banaras Hindu University, Varanasi.
3. Presented a paper titled “Historical Reform in Education in India and Contemporary Challenges” in an International seminar on “Perspective on Modern India and Emerging World order: Old Issues and New Challenges (ICPMIEW 2016)” organized by Department of Economics, Banaras Hindu University, from 20th February to 21st February, 2016, Varanasi.
4. Participated in an ICSSR, sponsored 10 days Research Methodology Workshop, organised by Giri Institute of Development Studies, from 29th March to 7th April, 2016, Lucknow.
5. Presented a paper titled “ Communal Aspect of Indian Historical Literature and Its Political Implication on Indian Democracy” in an International seminar on “ Political Thinking in Indian Literature”, organised by Department of Political Science, Banaras Hindu University, from 27th May to 28th May, 2016, Varanasi.

MEMBERSHIP IN ADVISORY/CONSULTATIVE AND ACADEMIC BODIES

Prof. Surinder Kumar

- Vice President & Life Member Indian Society of Labour Economics
- Authorised Signatory (Office Bearer Team), and Life Member, Indian Political Economy Association
- Member, Executive Council, Indian Association of Social Science Institutes
- Member, General Body of Centre for Research in Rural and Industrial Development, Chandigarh
- Member, Finance Committee, Babasaheb Bhimrao Ambedkar University (Central University), Lucknow.
- Member, Post Graduate Board of Studies in Economics, Babasaheb Bhimrao Ambedkar University (Central University), Lucknow.
- Member, Post Graduate Board of Studies in Economics, Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh
- Member, Post Graduate Board of Studies in Economics, CCS University, Meerut (UP)
- Member, University Court, Indira Gandhi Central Tribal University, Amarkantak (MP)
- Convener, Central Review Mission for Andhra Pradesh, Ministry of Rural Development, GOI. May 4-13, 2016.
- Expert committee meeting on 'Status of De-notified & Nomadic Tribes in the States & UTs in India, ICSSR, New Delhi, September 8, 2016.
- Life Member, The Indian Econometrics Society.
- Life Member, Indian Economic Association.
- Life Member, Indian Society of Labour Economics
- Life Member, Indian Political Economy Association

Prof. G.S. Mehta

- Member, Expert Committee for Evaluation of Articles in Journal "The IDEA International", Published by Scott Christian College, Nagarcovil, Tamil Nadu
- Executive Member, Mountain Forum; International Center for Mountain Development, Kathmandu, Nepal
- Member, U.P. & Uttarakhand Economic Association
- Executive Member, Uttarakhand Sodh Sansthan, Lucknow Unit

- Member, Editorial Board, Uttarakhand Journal, published by Uttarakhand Sodh Sanstahan, Lucknow Unit
- Member, Editorial Advisory Board, Indian Journal of Development Research and Social Action; Global Research Foundations, New Delhi
- Chief Editor, Editorial Board of Journal “Mountain Massage” published by Uttarakhand Mahaparishad, Lucknow

Prof. B.K. Bajpai

- Life Member Indian Society of Labour Economics.
- Life Member All India Management Association.
- Life Member Lucknow Management Association.
- Founder and Life Member Faizabad Management Association.
- Life Member of UP and Uttranchal Economic Association.
- Life Member India Society of Agriculture Marketing.
- Life Member Association for Knowledge of Workers.
- Life Member, Association of the Socio- Economic Development Studies (ASEDS).
- National Level Master Assessor appointed by National Institute of Rural Development and Panchayati Raj (NIRDPR), Hyderabad and Ministry of Panchayati Raj, Govt. of India to assess the Master Resource Persons at National and State Levels of the PRI functionaries.
- National Level Nodal Officer for Monitoring and Evaluation of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) of U. P. and Bihar appointed by the Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of HRD, Govt. of India.
- National Level Nodal Officer for Monitoring and Evaluation of Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA) of U. P. appointed by the Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of HRD, Govt. of India.
- Member, Executive Council as Chancellor's Nominee of Kalyani University, West Bengal
- Chief Editor, Quarterly Journal ‘Anjaneya, SBS Management, Lucknow.
- Member Editorial Board, SITM, Journal of Management, Lucknow

Prof. R.P. Mangain

- Member, Minimum Wage Board, Government of Uttar Pradesh
- Visiting Professor, Doon University, Dehradun`
- Member Secretary, Indian Society of Labour Economics R&D Trust

- Member, Editorial Advisory Board, Microfinance--Journal of Bankers Institute of Rural Development, Lucknow
- Member, Editorial Advisory Board, Journal of Regional Development and Planning
- Life Member, The Indian Society of Labour Economics
- Life Member, Indian Economic Association
- Life Member, Indian Institute of Public Administration, New Delhi.

Prof. I.C. Awashti

- Life Member, the Indian Society of Labour Economics, New Delhi.
- Life Member, Association of British Scholars, New Delhi
- Life Member, Indian Institute of Public Administration, New Delhi.
- Member, Governing Council of International Organization for Collaborative Outcome Management (IOCOM), Ottawa
- Member, Development Evaluation Society of India (DESI), New Delhi
- Member, Evaluation Community of India, New Delhi
- Life Member, Association of the Socio-Economic Development Studies, Lucknow
- Member, Research Degree Committee, Amity University, Lucknow
- Member, Research Degree Committee, Kumaun University, Nainital.

Dr. C. Senapati

- Member International Political Science Association, Quebec, Canada
- Associate Member of Indian Defence and Strategic Analysis, New Delhi
- Executive body Member from Uttar Pradesh in Indian Political Science Association, Meerut, U.P
- Member Indian Political Economy Association
- Associated with Economic Research Institute (ERI), Ministry of Finance and Budget Planning, Government of Kazakhstan
- External member of Research Advisory Committee, Centre for Study of Social Exclusion & Inclusive Policy, Tripura Central University, Agartala, Tripura
- Member Editorial Board of Amity Journal of Economics(AJECO)

Dr. C.S. Verma

- Member, ASHA mentoring Committee, Department of Health, Government of U.P.
- Working Committee member, State Tobacco Control Cell, U.P. Government.
- Life member Uttar Pradesh-Uttarakhand Economic Association
- Life member All India Peoples Science Network
- Member, IEC, AIIMS, Rishikesh, Uttrakhand.
- Life Member AIPF

Dr. P.K. Trivedi

- Life Member, Indian Sociological Society
- Life Member, Indian Association for Political Economy

Dr. Nomita P. Kumar

- Life Member of Indian Society of Labour Economics.
- Life Member of Regional Science Association.
- Life Member of UPUEA.
- Life Member of All India Women Association.
- Life Member Indian Political Economy Association.
- Life Member Indian Association for Social Sciences and Health (IASSH)
- Life Member of Indian Association of Association of the Socio-Economic Development Studies (ASEDS)
- Nominated Member of the Board of Management (Educational and Social Research) of State Resource Centre, Uttar Pradesh by India Literacy Board.

Dr. Shilp Shikha Singh

- Life member Comparative Education Society
- Life Member Indian Political Economy Association

Dr. Kavita Baliyan

- Life Member, Uttar Pradesh-Uttaranchal Economic Association.
- Life Member, Indian Political Economy Association of India.
- Life Member, Indian Society of Labour Economics.
- Life Member, All India Social Science Congress

Dr. Animesh Roy

- Life Member of the Geographical Society of India, Kolkata.

Dr. Anuradha Kakkar

- Member of Board of Studies, Rohelkhand University,
- Life Member, Indian Library Association (ILA)
- Member, Indian Association of Special Libraries and Information Centre (IASLIC)
- Member, Lucknow Special Libraries and Information Centers Consortium (LUSLIC)
- Life Member, U.P. Library Association (UPLA)
- Invited as an Expert/ Member in Assessment Committee Meeting at CDRI, Lucknow on 30.01.2017.

Mr. Absar Ahmad

- Student Member of National Association of Psychological Sciences
- Life Member of Indian Association of Social Sciences and Health
- Life Member of Indian Association of Occupational Health

RESEARCH AFFILIATION AND Ph.D. / M.Phil PROGRAMME

ICSSR Fellowships

During the year 2016-17 following Senior/Post Doctoral fellowships awarded by ICSSR at the Institute

(A) Senior Fellowships

Sl. No.	Name	Date of Joining	Research Fellowship Topic
1.	Prof. D.N. Kakkar	01.02.2017	Performance Gaps Among Institutions of Technical Education in India: An Explanatory Study of Uttar Pradesh
2.	Prof. S.S.A. Jafri	01.02.2017	Unhealthy Metropolitanization of Few Cities and Fast Stagnation and Decay of Majority of Towns in Uttar Pradesh: A Remedial Study of Central Region 2001-11.
3.	Prof. Fahimuddin	01.02.2017	Livelihood Sustainability of Drought Prone Farmers: A Study in Bundelkhand Region of Uttar Pradesh

(B) Post Doctoral Fellowships:

Sl. No	Name	Date of Joining	Research Fellowship Topic	Supervisor
1.	Dr. Neetu Batra	02.02.2017	State & Family: Gender Class Intergenerational Issue and Ageing	Prof. Surinder Kumar
2.	Dr. Barkha Srivastava	09.02.2017	An Analytical Study of Relationship between Environmental Problems and Public Health in Lucknow City	Dr. Charan Singh Verma
3.	Dr. Neelo Farooqui	10.02.2017	A Psycho-Social Impact of the Major Communal Riots on the Victims in Uttar Pradesh	Dr. Chittaranjan Senapati

Following Post Doctoral Fellows completed their work in this academic year

1. Dr. Ruch Tiwari who had been awarded UGC Post Doctoral Fellowship for women for five years w.e.f. 30.04.2011 to 29.04.2016 to work on “**Quality of Life among School Age Children and Their Schooling in District of Lucknow: A Geographical Study**” under the guidance of Prof. B.K. Bajpai, has submitted her Final PDF Report to UGC in 03 November 2016.

2. Dr. Achala Srivastava who had been awarded Post Doctoral Fellowship by the ICSSR for two years w.e.f. 15.01.2015 to 14.01.2017 to work on “**Fertility Differentials in Uttar Pradesh: A District Level Analysis**” under the guidance of Prof. G.S. Mehta, has submitted her Final PDF Report to ICSSR in 07 March 2017.
3. Dr. Neelam Agarwal who had been awarded Post Doctoral Fellowship by the ICSSR for two years w.e.f. 15.12.2014 to 14.12.2016 to work on “**Forest Rights Act and Tribal Development in Forest Village: A Case Study of Tharu Adivasis in Uttar Pradesh**” under the guidance of Prof. Surinder Kumar, has submitted her Final PDF Report to ICSSR in 30 June 2017.

(C) ICSSR Institutional Doctoral Fellows (Ongoing)

Sl. No	Name of research scholar	Subject	Date of Joining	Research Topics	Supervisor
Ist Batch (2013-14)					
1.	Mr. Masroor Ahmad	Economics	27.03.2014	Political Determinants of Federal Transfers and Consequent Impact on Tax Efforts in India	Prof. Surinder Kumar
2.	Mr. Aman Sonkar	Economics	25.03.2014	Non Performing Assets and their Dynamics: A Case Study of Regional Rural Banks in Uttar Pradesh	Prof. B.K. Bajpai
3.	Mr. Robin Verma	Economics	25.03.2014	Analysis of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) in India: A Case Study of District of Unnao.	Prof. B.K. Bajpai
4.	Mr. Puneet Kumar Shrivastav	Economics	26.03.2014	Skill Mismatch Analysis and its implications on Human Capital Formation in Uttar Pradesh	Prof. I.C. Awasthi
5.	Mr. Rajnikant Pandey	Political Science	25.03.2014	Human Security in India: Problems and Prospects of Scheduled Caste in selected villages of Bihar and Odisha	Dr. Chittaranjan Senapati
6.	Mr. Raviraj Singh	Economics	25.03.2014	Economics of Regulation: A Case Study of Electricity Supply in Uttar Pradesh	Dr. Charan Singh Verma
7.	Mr. Vinod Kashyap	Sociology	25.03.2014	Neo-Liberal Globalization and Dalits Enterprises in the India: A Sociological Study	Dr. Prashant Kr. Trivedi
IInd Batch (2014-15)					
8.	Satpal	Economics	6.03.2015	Competitiveness of Indian Agriculture under WTO Regime: A Case of Wheat, Rice and Pulses.	Prof. Surinder Kumar
9.	Sapana Singh	Economics	9.03.2015	Real Interest Rate and its Impact on Investment and Growth in India.	Dr. N.K. Maurya

Sl. No	Name of research scholar	Subject	Date of Joining	Research Topics	Supervisor
10.	Ravindra Pratap Singh	Sociology	6.03.2015	Communalism: Historical aspect of India and Contemporary Challenges	Dr. Prashant Kr. Trivedi
11.	Ankit Gupta	Economics	0.03.2015	MSMEs and Industrial Development in Uttar Pradesh: A Regional Analysis Patterns constraints and opportunities.	Prof. R.P. Mamgain
12.	Ranjana Singh	Economics	6.03.2015	Urban Environmental Issues: Problems and Challenges A Study of Household and Industry.	Prof. B.K. Bajpai
13.	Sangh Lata	Political Science	0.03.2015	Social inclusion and Human Rights: A Case Study of Manual Scavenging Community.	Dr. Shilp Shikha Singh
14.	Rudra Prasad Sahoo	Political Science	0.03.2015	Confidence Building Measures (CBMs) in India-Pakistan Relations (1991-2014)	Dr. Chittaranjan Senapati
IIIrd Batch (2015-16)					
15.	Ms. Anju Rawat	Political Science	30.09.2015	Impact of Neo-Liberalism on Social Justice in India: Case of Dalits if U.P	Dr. Chittaranjan Senapati
16.	Mr. Shailendra Kumar Verma	Sociology	28.09.2015	Social Composition of Indian Bureaucracy and Development Scheme MGNREGA: A Sociological Study	Dr. Prashant Kr. Trivedi
17.	Ms. Chaitanya C. Damu	Economics	28.09.2015	Exchange Rate Dynamics in India: A Study of Post-reform Period	Dr. N.K. Maurya
18.	Ms. Jai Laxmi	Sociology	28.09.2015	Intersectionality and common Property Resources: Mapping Exclusion.	Dr. Prashant K. Trivedi
19.	Ms. Soumya Sushila Sahoo	Economics	28.09.2015	Regulation of Electricity Market: A Comparison Between Odisha and West Bengal	Prof. Surinder Kumar
20.	Ms. Shahnaz Ansari	Economics	28.09.2015	Impact of Remittances on Rural Household in U.P., A Study of Migrant Workers from Gulf Countries	Prof. R.P. Mamgain
21.	Mr. Samar Kumar Mishra	Economics	28.09.2015	Subcontracting and Industrialization in some Selected Manufacturing Industries in India	Prof. R.P. Mamgain
22.	Mr. Shivendra Singh	Economics	28.09.2015	Analysing the Outcomes of School Education for Pro-poor Development in U.P	Prof. B.K. Bajpai

ACADEMIC ACTIVITIES OF POST DOCTORAL FELLOWS

Dr. Neelo Farooqui

A Psycho-Social Impact of the Major Communal Riots on the Victims in Uttar Pradesh

Uttar Pradesh has been experiencing frequent communal riots in recent years. These riots created large number of physically and psychologically traumatized victims. Physical trauma is often taken care of by the immediate family, relatives and also by the state through some monetary compensation. Psychological and emotional trauma often remains unattended. At the level of individual such negligence can lead to abnormal behavioural problems and at the level of the society this can be cause of social disharmony and more violence in future. Recurrence of communal violence in the same location within same communities is a known fact. The study is a small attempt to fill this gap of action and research. The objective of the study is to measure and assess types of mental health problems faced by communal riot victims. It would further explore psychological adaptation among the victims of communal riots, and the role of social and political actors therein.

Publication

Farooqui, Neelo (2017), “Health Information Seeking Behaviour among Adolescents of Deprived Areas of Uttar Pradesh”, Elixir International Journal No. 103 (2017), Tamilnadu, India.

Dr. Neetu Khurana Batra

State and Family: Gender, Class, Intergenerational Issues and Ageing

The size of aged population in India i.e. persons above 60 years is fast growing and this may have serious social and economic impact like pensions outlays, health expenditure, fiscal discipline, saving level etc. The study aims to explore the needs, challenges and problems of this heterogeneous and diversified elderly group. It is important to take into account the gender and class difference within this elderly group for proper reach and utilization of any service from state and society. The study attempts to argue that in post modern society where changes are irreversible, there is a need to look into discrepancies in the policies, programmes, schemes and working of self help group, NGOs and other agencies that are catering to the needs of elderly. Researcher further wants to explore the support required by the families that differ in terms of income, avenues of expenditure, and compressing structure of family. This study also desires to know the constraints before the family in the way of smooth caring of the aged and also raises the question on the methodology adopted by the previous studies.

Participation in Seminar and Conference

- Attended and Presented paper entitled, “**A Case study of Vivekanand Hospital Lucknow: with special reference to Aged Patients of Ortho and Neuro Departments**” in All India Conference “*Rethinking Development: Social Development*” – State, Industry, Civil Society in India, organized by Department of Sociology, BHU, Varanasi, during February 10-11, 2017.

- Attended and presented paper entitled, “**A Case Study of Charity Hospital: with special reference to aged**”, in *International Conference on Politics, Society and Culture in South Asia*, organized by Department of Sociology, University of Lucknow, Lucknow, during March 3-5, 2017.
- Attended and presented paper entitled, “**Introspecting Old Age Policies and Programmes: with special reference to retirees from Indian Telephone Industries**” in *National Conference on Role of Social Media in Society Transformation*, organized by Department of Sociology, Lucknow University, Lucknow, during March 25-26, 2017.

Dr. Barkha Srivastava

An Analytical Study of the Relationship between Environmental Problems and Public Health in Lucknow City

It is primarily an epidemiological study of impact of environmental risk factors on public health. This study would focus on four related concepts viz. environment, pollution, epidemiology, and public health. As environment and public health are inextricably interlinked, the challenging issues of the environment become a major contributor to the disease burden of the society. The study would take into account air, water noise and land pollution. In India, premature death and illness due to major environmental health risks account for nearly 20 per cent of the total burden of diseases prevalent in India. The area of the study would be Lucknow. Lucknow is the capital of the most populous state and it witnesses increasing inflow of migrants from other districts and states. Due to overcrowding it's urban and periurban settlements often face problem of environmental pollution which contributes to the occurrence of various seasonal diseases. The study would test whether environmental change and related health issues are related to population growth in the city, or not. It would also test whether aged and children are the major victim of air pollution in the city or not.

LIBRARY AND KNOWLEDGE RESOURCE CENTRE

The GIDS library is an invaluable resource center for students, researchers and faculty of Social Science disciplines. It is a State of the art library which provides access to rare academic resources and infrastructure for its scholars. Library endeavours to provide enriching academic environment to its users. It is committed to identify, acquire, organize and retrieve updated information for its research fraternity.

The Library has built specialized and robust collection of rare documents in social sciences catering to the research objectives of the Institute. There is focused subscription of on-line resources in the library through ICSSR consortiums plan for the library. The scholars are largely benefitted by the DELNET and EPW Research Foundation time series data. The Library has a few CD-ROM Databases especially of the World Bank and UP Government publications.

The GIDS library brings out various readers' services on regular basis. Some of the major and popular services include current awareness service which includes article indexing and abstracting, (provides bibliographic details and abstracts of journal articles in core social sciences areas of interest to the readers), book review, new acquisitions list and documentation on the state of Uttar Pradesh. The subject bibliographies are prepared according to varying academic needs of the users. Apart from these services, the library provides inter library loan facility to its readers.

The GIDS Library is fully automated and works on LIBSYS software for its in-house operations and other reader services. Institute's free publications have been digitized and are provided to users in PDF format.

The Library houses a total collection of 45300 and subscribes to 90 Indian and 12 foreign journals apart from journals subscribed through JSTOR.

During the financial year 2016-2017 library acquired 339 books, around 50 Monographs, Eleven World Bank Publications, Eighteen Government Reports. Nineteen GIDS publications were also added to the library stock.

FINANCE AND ACCOUNTS